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NEW CABINET COMPLETED Smaller Than In Previous Govt

London, Oct. 30.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, today completed his Cabinet, choosing two "strong men" to tackle the domestic problems of housing and the threatened fuel crisis.

The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, asked to be relieved of his subsidiary job of House of Commons leader, saying that international conferences in the next few months would leave him no time.

Mr. Churchill agreed, and turned over the House leader's duties to Mr. Harry Crookshank, who is also Health Minister.

The full list of the Cabinet follows:

Prime Minister and Defence Minister—Mr. Winston Churchill

Foreign Secretary—Mr. Anthony Eden

Lord Privy Seal—The Marquess of Salisbury

Lord Chancellor—Lord Simonds, a Lord of Appeal and former High Court Judge

HOME SECRETARY

Home Secretary and Minister for Welsh Affairs—Sir David Maxwell Fyfe

Chancellor of the Exchequer—Mr. Richard A. Butler

Commonwealth Secretary—Lord Ismay

Colonial Secretary—Mr. Oliver Lyttelton

Secretary of State for Scotland—Mr. James Stuart

Secretary for Co-Ordination of Transport, Fuel and Power—Lord Leathers

Minister of Health—Mr. Harry Crookshank

Minister of Labour—Sir Walter Monckton

Minister of Housing and Local Government—Mr. Harold Macmillan

President of the Board of Trade—Mr. Peter Thorneycroft

Paymaster General (a purely civilian appointment)—Lord Cherwell

Mr. Churchill also announced two appointments outside the Cabinet.

They were:

Minister of State for Foreign Affairs—Mr. John Selwyn Lloyd

Parliamentary Secretary to the Treasury—Mr. Patrick Luchan Hepburn.

Attempted Suicide Fails

Athens, Tennessee, Oct. 30.

Police said today that Charles Walter Ledford took a dose of strychnine, walked two blocks to a funeral home, and knocked on the door as the poison began to take effect.

The undertakers rushed him to hospital where he was revived and treated. Blaming 12 years of family trouble for his attempted suicide, Ledford said "I'll make a better job of it next time" as he was led off to gaol for safekeeping.

—United Press.

No Tankers For Persia

2 Mill. Tons of Fuel Standing Idle

FROM ERIC GREY

Rome, Oct. 30.

Persian agents who have been trying for two months to charter oil tankers have been unsuccessful.

"I was unable to charter a single vessel, though my friends and I tried every reputable shipowner in Western Europe and the United States," said one of these agents today.

"We have two million tons of refined fuel in storage at Abadan and cannot export one gallon because we cannot get tankers." "Reason"—Owners say they are afraid the Royal Navy will seize their ships as carrying contraband or stolen goods. We cannot afford to buy tankers ourselves—they are too expensive.

"Besides," he added, "we haven't the dollars." The agent blamed the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company advertisements (which warned that all Persian oil is the company's property) for Persia's failure to secure tankers. —London Express Service.

RETURN PREDICTED

Quebec City, Oct. 30.

A senior official of the nationalized Anglo-Iranian Oil Company today predicted that British oil men "one day" would be back in Iran.

Mr. E. Northcraft of Torquay, England, believed that when the tension calmed Iran would feel the need of British technical assistance and marketing outlets. —United Press.

India May Propose A "Deal" For Ending Korea War

SPECULATIONS AROUSED

Paris, Oct. 30.

India was reported reliably today to be preparing to take the initiative for a "deal" at the United Nations General Assembly to end the Korean war and seat Communist China in the United Nations.

The belief was strengthened by the disclosure that the Prime Minister, Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru, had named his pro-Peking Ambassador to Red China, Mr. Sardar Panikkar, as a member of the Indian delegation to the sixth Assembly, which opens here next Tuesday.

The United States, British and French diplomats are giving serious thought to the possibility of an Indian-proposed "deal" to end the fighting and admit Red China.

However, American diplomatic circles emphasize that the United States would not consider such a trade.

Scarcely 100 miles across the major position of Korea, the communists said.

And that is exactly what the Allies don't want to do. They insist that their troops need a "cushion" in front of them as protection against any surprise Red onslaught during the armistice. This can only be achieved, they say, by holding the present defensible positions along the current "line of contact."

PROTECTION

United Nations representatives declared they are not interested in territory-for-territory's sake. They are only interested, they explained, in securing the maximum protection of Allied troops during an armistice.

NO PROGRESS

Munsan, Oct. 31.

Red and Allied truce negotiators tacked the "no progress" sign today outside the tent at Pan Mun Jom where they are trying to end the Korean war. After six meetings the two sides were still at loggerheads over just where to draw a buffer zone between the opposing armies during an armistice.

The United Nations have presented a proposal. So have the Reds. Neither side has thus far budged an inch.

The sub-delegates make another attempt to settle the question at 11 a.m. They met for three hours on Tuesday in a fruitless session and afterward the UN said in an official communique:

"The Communist members of the sub-committee refused to modify their demarcation line proposal which would strip United Nations Command forces of advanced and hard won positions essential for their protection during a military armistice."

This is the situation at a glance:

"The UN says a two and a half mile zone should be set up across Korea along the present battle line. Allied troops would withdraw from about 200 square miles in the east while the Reds would pull back from 200 square miles in the west."

On their side, the Reds proposed a buffer zone running from five to 15 miles south of the present battle line. They also proposed that their troops withdraw from some 200 square miles (about 700 square miles) in the extreme west—on the Ongjin and Yonan peninsulas—while the Allies do the same in the east.

MEANINGLESS

The Red proposal is "absolutely meaningless," Allied sub-committee Chairman Major General Henry I. Hodges told newsmen on Tuesday in an unusual open air briefing in front of his tent.

The UN figures that the two western peninsulas are completely valueless in a military sense, that they have never been of any consequence in the Korean war and that the only thing the Communists were offering is to pull back worthless and indefensible territory while asking the Allies to withdraw from nearly 95 per cent of the active front.

"Such withdrawal to the Communist line would leave UN combat forces exposed for most

New Governor-General



Ghulam Muhammad, Pakistan's new Governor-General, takes the salute after being sworn into his new office.—AP Picture.

Ministers' Salaries Slashed

Churchill's First Economy Move

London, Oct. 30.

Prime Minister Winston Churchill and his new Cabinet met for the first time today and their first announced act was to cut their own salaries.

The prime minister's chieftain completed a 15-minute Cabinet to handle Britain's troubled affairs at home and abroad.

Twelve members of the Cabinet met for 92 minutes at No. 10 Downing Street. Shortly after the meeting Mr. Churchill announced the appointment of three more men to complete the group of men who will work with the Prime Minister during the critical days that lie ahead.

Mr. Churchill disclosed that Ministers entitled to £5,000 a year by law would now draw £4,000 a year.

He cut his own salary from £10,000 to £7,000 a year.

Mr. Churchill said the pay reductions were for "the period of rearmament" or for three years, whichever ends the first.

Britain has embarked on a "three-year" (£4,700,000,000) rearmament programme.

He said the government "also intends to effect large reductions in the use of Ministerial motor cars. Details will be announced later."

One of Mr. Churchill's campaign planks had called for economy in government. The pay cuts for the Cabinet members probably will cause them little concern, for many are wealthy men in the income super-tax bracket which permits them to keep only sixpence in the pound.

—Associated Press.

British Forces Will Remain Until Egyptian Govt Comes To Its Senses

Fayid, Suez Canal, Oct. 30.

Britain's military commander in Egypt declared today that her armed forces would remain in the Suez Canal zone "until the Egyptian Government comes to its senses."

Lieutenant-General Sir George Erskine, Commanding British Troops in Egypt, gave this warning as reports told of mounting "intimidation" against Egyptians working for the British forces in Egypt.

General Erskine said, "The necessary steps have been taken to maintain our position." In a message to British units in the Canal zone he said that the troops must expect to face a period of "intense non-cooperation" from Egyptians supporting their Government's denunciation of the 1936 Anglo-Egyptian treaty.

Saying that the British had no quarrel either with the Egyptian people or Army, General Erskine added, "We are standing on our rights and have no intention of being starved out, forced out or knocked out."

Reports reaching Moslem Brotherhood Headquarters in Cairo today said that the Brotherhood's "Liberation Militia" was stopping all British troops on roads leading to British camps in the Canal zone, confiscating loads of food supplies for British troops and withdrawing identity cards of Egyptian labourers working in British camps.

Serag el Din Pasha, Interior Minister, said that the Egyptian liberation was based on non-cooperation rather than violence.

He was aware that General Aziz el Masy, former Egyptian army commander, was organizing "liberation battalions" but he denied that the movement was being armed by the Government. It had not come into conflict with the law so far, he added.

He denied that Egyptian Police were preventing men from returning to work in the Canal zone.

The British Navy despatched the first south-bound daylight convoy through the Suez Canal zone schedule this morning in a new plan to beat the Egyptian attempt to block the Canal lights for shipping.

RADIO LINK

The cruiser Gambia was acting as a radio link with the despatching base in the harbour.

COAL MINERS STRIKE

Tokyo, Oct. 31.

One hundred thousand Japanese union coal miners went on a 48-hour strike at the change of shifts today.

The Union headquarters sent strike orders to the miners after daylong negotiations with owners over wage demands were broken up on Tuesday.

The owners estimated that the 48-hour strike would mean non-production of 150,000 tons of coal "at a time when coal is badly needed."

The Union is demanding a basic pay of \$41 yen—about \$2.40—a day for miners inside the pit and \$38 yen—about \$1.20—for workers outside the pit.—United Press.

COMMENT OF THE DAY

The Only Alternative

BRITAIN having given notice that she does not intend to be forced out of the Suez Canal Zone, attention is now concentrated on Egypt's next moves designed to give substance to her unilateral revocation of the 1936 Anglo-Egyptian Treaty. The sporadic riots and anti-British demonstrations which have followed the decision of the Egyptian Parliament to condemn the treaty were to be expected, but they have not yet assumed really serious proportions and are not, apparently, part of any set design to enforce Egyptian control of the Canal Zone. It is to be observed that Nahas Pasha, Egypt's Premier and "Strong Man" has remained silent since he first sponsored the resolution by which Parliament abrogated the treaty. This may mean he is reconsidering the situation. On the face of things there seems very little likelihood that Egypt will push to the limit her demand for the complete evacuation of British forces from the Suez Canal and the Sudan. The physical inability of the Egyptians to do so is undoubtedly recognized by Nahas Pasha, a man who, in the past, has demonstrated that he is an astute politician and a skilful negotiator. It is the extremist spirits among the Egyptians who take the line that British forces must get out, stock and barrel, and that the Sudan and Egypt should be united as one country under King Farouk. The more realistic among them, however, see clearly that in the present world situation some kind of compromise is more probable. They appreciate that the circumstances which confronted Britain and Egypt when Nahas Pasha was negotiating in 1936 and 1938 are not dissimilar from the world situation which is now developing as Nahas confronts his task

in 1951. Egypt in 1936 was faced with the threat of Fascist Italy, soon to be backed by Germany with its more distant but greater menace. Today Egypt has on her frontiers the new State of Israel with whom she is still technically in a state of armistice; while in the background looms the gigantic menace of Stalinist Russia. Many Egyptians have frankly admitted the parallel—the Italian menace has disappeared but they feel that the Israeli menace has taken its place, and the same goes for the substitution of Soviet imperialism for Nazi imperialism. These are factors which may eventually sufficiently influence Nahas Pasha to permit him to guide Egyptian thought into more moderate channels. His personal influence in and out of Parliament is tremendous, and the fact that the offer made by the Attlee Government to withdraw British forces from the Canal Zone if Egypt joins the proposed Middle East Defence Alliance and permit her bases to be used by forces of the Allied nations, has not yet been rescinded, may encourage Nahas Pasha to seek a reasonable solution to the impasse which he and his Government have created. Britain has not denied the possibility of a mutual revision of the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty. She has, very properly, denied Egypt's right to unilateral abrogation of the pact, and in this she is supported by the United States and France. Britain has made it unmistakably clear that any attempt to implement revocation of the treaty by force must be and will be countered by force. But the door has not been closed to negotiations, and it is this alternative which eventually must be adopted by Egypt if she is to obtain any satisfactory revision of the 1936 treaty.

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Were your teeth as white as hers?

When you use Pepsodent your mirror will show you a smile to be proud of. A smile that shows sparkling white teeth! For Pepsodent contains Irium, wonderful ingredient which dissolves dull film and ugly stains, uncovers the natural brilliance of your smile!

THE TOOTHPASTE WITH IRIUM

Pepsodent

Smile into your mirror tonight. See how a wash of Pepsodent makes your teeth sparkling white!

Jet Plane Crashes Into Sea

Pearl Harbour, Oct. 30.

The Navy announced today a jet plane crashed into the sea and sank on Monday as it attempted to land on the deck of the aircraft carrier Valley Forge. The pilot was believed lost.

A destroyer and helicopter searched the crash area until dark. The pilot's name was withheld pending notification of relatives. The carrier was operating in Hawaiian waters. —Associated Press.



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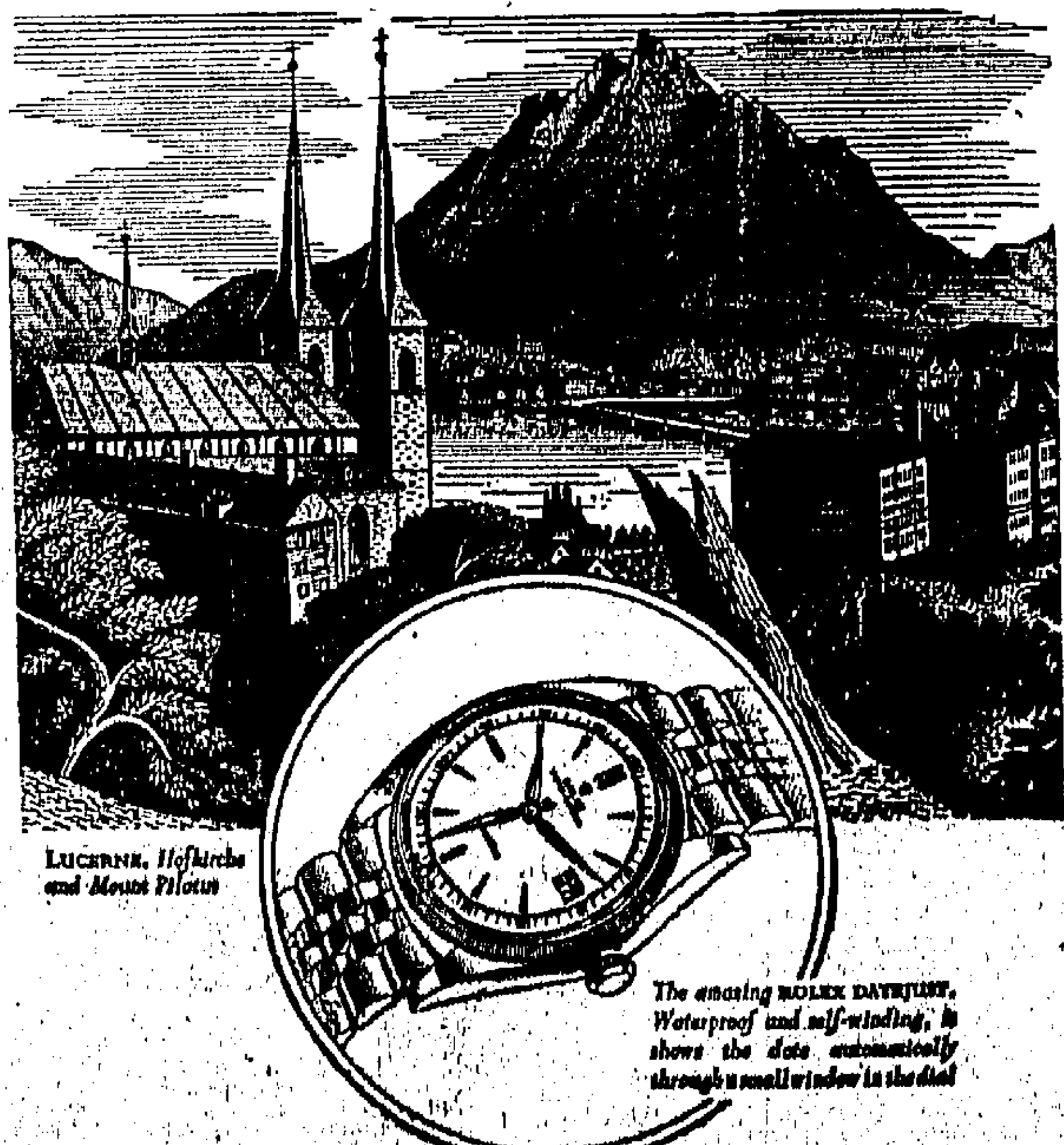
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THE FUGITIVE
HENRY FONDA
DOLORES DEL RIO
PEDRO ARMENDARIZ
JOHN FORD

— TO-MORROW —
"ONE SUNDAY
AFTERNOON"



Another A-Bomb Exploded

THIRD TEST IN NEVADA DESERT

Las Vegas, Oct. 30. A brilliant flash, followed by a mushrooming cloud which shot up with the speed of a rocket, marked the third of the current series of atomic tests near here today.

The flash was seen here 75 miles away.

Thousands of early risers gathered in knots at every high vantage point to watch.

Debris 5 blocks, a new paper photograph, flying over 1,800 feet, was caught a brief glimpse of a skyrocketing fireball quickly blanketed out by a cloud which appeared to the lee-capped.

At Henderson, 11 miles east of here, residents said that there was none of the noise which accompanied the second in the series last Sunday.

Schieck said that a plane was visible at a high altitude shortly before the explosion. It was assumed that the bomb, like Sunday's, was dropped from a plane.

No shock was felt in Las Vegas within the time limit necessary for sound waves to travel from the Yucca Flat range, 75 miles away.

This would indicate that it was considerably less severe than several during a series of tests last February, two of which broke windows in Las Vegas.

Atomic tests involving troops are expected to begin on Thursday or later when "Operation Desert Rock" is launched to study the use of nuclear weapons in support of ground forces.

Seismographic equipment has been set up in Las Vegas to measure shock waves, it was learned here. Though neither of the first two explosions were heard in Las Vegas, the explosion of a medium-sized bomb dropped from a plane on Sunday was heard as far away as 225 miles in other directions.—Reuter.

Bigger Bonfires This Year

Las Vegas, Oct. 30. Thousands will dance and sing round bonfires in towns and villages throughout Britain next month in the biggest Guy Fawkes Night celebrations since 1939. There will be torchlight processions in fancy dress to see flames destroy the effigy of the man who started it all.

In the ancient Cinque Port town of Rye on November 3 an American will light a bonfire by proxy for the Mayor of Rye, New York, who will send over a recorded message of greeting for the occasion.

But first the centuries-old streets will be lit by a torchlight procession 600 strong. The traditional boat will be dragged to the bonfire and burnt as the effigy of Guy Fawkes is hoisted on to a gibbet above the flames. At Lewes, where five of the six local societies have got together for one big combined show, the organisers have fixed November 5 for the big night.

Vietnamese Using U.S. Equipment



A Vietnamese army half-track is seen in a firing position on a road in Indo-China during a combined operation with French infantry against Vietminh rebels. The Vietnamese army is now using American equipment in its first armoured squadron, and is to mobilise four more such squadrons. — AP Picture.

Free Trade Policy Necessary To Resist Aggression

New York, Oct. 30.

Increased flow of trade among the free nations of the world in order to build up production to a point where they would be able successfully to resist aggression was urged today by Mr Feridun Erkin, Turkish Ambassador to the United States.

Addressing 2,000 American leaders of business and industry at the Waldorf Astoria Hotel during the second day of the 38th national Foreign Trade Convention, Mr Erkin declared:

He Doesn't Pay To Go By Rail

London, Oct. 30.

Asked to give his name and address to a railway policeman when he was suspected of travelling on the railway without paying his fare, 28-year-old Edward James Urry refused.

So he appeared before the magistrates at Exeter. And the clerk asked the man a number of questions. Such as: "Where had you come from?" "I had just come out of prison," replied Urry.

"What were you in prison for?" asked the clerk.

"For travelling on the railway without paying."

Saying that he had to be in Salisbury, Urry told the clerk that he had to be there to answer a summons.

"What is the summons for?" asked the clerk.

"For travelling on the railway without a ticket."

The prosecuting inspector said that Urry had nine convictions for similar offences. And so instead of keeping his appointment in Salisbury, Edward James Urry will be spending the time in jail. He'll be there for a month.

MIDDLE EAST DISCUSSION

Beirut, Oct. 30.

The Lebanese Parliamentary Foreign Affairs Commission today heard the British, American, French and Turkish proposals for a Middle East defence pact, and after a short meeting agreed to ask for further explanation.

The Commission supported the Government's policy of requesting clarification.

The Foreign Minister, Mr Charles Helu, decided to postpone his departure this week-end for Paris, where he will head the Lebanese delegation to the United Nations Assembly, to attend the Arab Political Committee meeting in Cairo.

The Lebanese wants assurances that by entering the defence organisation she will not give Israel tactical advantages.—Reuter.

"A country only adopts Communism under pressure of force when there is hunger and desperation."

He added that a free flow of goods and services within a flourishing system of international trade and a comprehensive investment policy should help to supply the requisite capital for means of production and to develop all existing natural resources available in every country.

Mr Erkin said the present rift between Russia and the Western world did not result from any post-war events or policies but was part of the calculated Communist objective of engulfing the entire world, which the Soviet had always had and never abandoned.

"The Iron Curtain is not an accidental invention of Soviet diplomacy... if there is today still a free sector of Europe, this is only due to the threat of virtual intervention of American strength."

MUST UNITE

"Communist expansion can only be halted by an invincible barrier. To obtain this and banish the threat which hovers over all of us, we must unite all our efforts with a view to putting an end to the frightening disproportion of forces."

"Communist policy leaves no room for sentiment. Any attempt to seek global agreement with Communism is a deceiving dream."

"The contest between Communism and the Western world is ultimately and primarily one of strength but not a contest of arms alone."

"It is also a contest of happiness and prosperity. In order to become strong and discourage aggression, we must increase production, which will enable us to take the most suitable measures to develop international commerce and will constitute a sound and solid basis for a better standard of living for the free peoples of the world."—United Press.

'Monty' In Denmark

Copenhagen, Oct. 30.

Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery, Deputy Supreme Allied Commander of Western European defence, arrived here today on a three-day visit.—Reuter.

A Flying Menagerie

Honolulu, Oct. 30.

An elephant from India waddled off a plane today at Honolulu airport for an overnight stop before continuing to Hollywood and a job in the movies.

The 300-pound baby elephant is being flown from Calcutta to appear in television and movie productions. Its travelling companions include a two-year-old leopard, a 12-foot python, a selection of birds and smaller animals and trainers Frank and Paul Ferrin.—Associated Press.

Pakistan Assured Of Council Seat

Paris, Oct. 30.

Pakistan is virtually assured of a seat on the Security Council next year but a big political fight is expected to develop in the General Assembly in Paris next week on the candidature of Greece.

Three members of the Council are retiring at the end of this year. They are India, Ecuador and Yugoslavia.

The General Assembly has the task of electing successors.

Pakistan, as a member of the Commonwealth, is expected to replace India without opposition. Chile is the Latin American country most likely to replace Ecuador.

The problem is to find a successor for Yugoslavia. The Soviet Union is expected to name Czechoslovakia as the country. Czechoslovakia was defeated by Yugoslavia in the 1949 Assembly elections.

In Western diplomatic quarters the most likely choice is stated to be Greece.

The Soviet Union is expected to oppose this bitterly on the grounds that a "great man's agreement" at San Francisco granted Soviet Russia and Eastern European seat on the Council.

Western nations are expected to try to bypass the "gentleman's agreement" and argue that the Balkan representation of Yugoslavia could best be replaced by another Balkan country, Greece.—Reuter.

Arab League Move

Cairo, Oct. 30.

Representatives of the seven Arab League countries agreed today to ask their governments to arrange a meeting of Arab Foreign Ministers to discuss the League's point of view on the Western powers' proposals for a Middle East Command.—Reuter.

Yugoslav Hint: Would Like Some A-Bombs

Belgrade, Oct. 30.

A top ranking Yugoslav General said today that Yugoslavia would like to have some American atomic bombs and possibly other atomic weapons to bolster her defences against the Soviet Union.

General Petko Depcevic, Deputy Chief of Staff, threw out this suggestion while giving an interview to members of a group of 14 American newspapermen who are making a tour of Europe.

General Depcevic explained the State Union today might have about 100 atomic bombs if they had them. The United States would like to have some of them," he said. "We could use them well. We are in a good position to use them."

The General said the next war would see the use of certain atomic weapons.

Russia, he added, was ready militarily to attack Yugoslavia in 1948 when the Soviets cut off the Yugoslav Communists from the Cominform but did not do so for fear of the U.S. atom bombs.

Now, he declared, Yugoslavia is ready to defend herself against any aggressor with weapons now available. But he added, this country wants as much modern equipment as possible from the United States.

NOT AGGRESSIVE

He repeated Premier Marshal Tito's stand that Yugoslavia would not fight an aggressive war. But, he added, the next war probably will be everywhere.

Yugoslavia did not want to join the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation, a move he described as unnecessary and not to the advantage of either the Atlantic Allies or the Yugoslavs. General Depcevic studied military tactics at Moscow from 1926 to 1928. As Deputy Commander of Yugoslav forces, he is one of Marshal Tito's most trusted lieutenants.

The General said a Yugoslav-American mutual aid pact would be signed soon after final details were worked out, including the question whether an American military mission would be stationed here to train Yugoslavs in the use of latest U.S. equipment.

NEED JETS

The Yugoslav army, he said, now has more than 30 divisions under arms but he would not estimate how much time or money it would take to provide the troops with heavy equipment. The Yugoslavs have their own small arms and automatic weapons and can manufacture all of these that they need, he said.

They also have Soviet T-34 tanks like those used in North Korea, and other Soviet equipment plus some captured German arms. The T-34 is a light tank but somewhat heavier in armament than American Sherman.

"We have enough conventional planes," General Depcevic said, "but we need jet planes." Most of the Yugoslav equipment dates from the early days of the first world war. The country produces no fighting planes, tanks or anti-tank armament of its own.—Associated Press.

Gen. Romulo's Illness

Washington, Oct. 30.

The Philippine Embassy said tonight that the condition of Philippine Foreign Affairs Secretary Carlos P. Romulo, at Walter Reed Hospital here, was little changed from yesterday, but his fever has subsided slightly.

General Romulo entered the Army hospital on Monday for treatment of a chronic throat ailment.

The Embassy spokesman emphasized that doctors had not yet pronounced a decision on the Secretary's illness, nor had they said how long he is likely to remain in hospital.

The question of the Secretary proceeding to Paris for the opening of the United Nations General Assembly on November 5 was not even discussed. The doctors wanted Romulo to rest. "He remains isolated in the hospital," the spokesman said. "We are awaiting developments."—Associated Press.

UNIQUE PROJECT IN CHINATOWN

San Francisco, Oct. 30.

San Francisco's colourful Chinatown dedicated the first Oriental-style Federal housing project in the United States, built on the site of the famed underground opium dens of the Barbary Coast.

Opening of the first unit of the \$3,500,000 project, styled with yellow tile roofs and multi-coloured dragon decorations, called for firing of 100,000 firecrackers and bringing gifts to drive away evil spirits in keeping with Chinese tradition.

The three-unit project, on Chinatown's main street houses 234 families in modern flats with enclosed playgrounds and automatic lifts. It is part of the Federal and city slum clearance programme.

Forty-two families and 149 single persons were moved from tenements over stores and garages to make way for the project. In the old tenements as many as six persons lived in one room while 150 persons shared a community kitchen.

Narrow five-foot high passageways and old sewer pipes, used for opium pathways and shanghaiing sailors on the Barbary Coast, were found by workers digging basements. Old ship anchors, remains from the time when the land was under water, were also discovered.

The area, formerly known as "Terrific Street," will start a new career with the Ping Yuen project, which means "Tranquil Gardens."

The units, built horseshoe-shaped with playgrounds in the centre, have grey walls with yellow roofs, decorated with dragons and dolphins.

The central building has a wooden copy of the famous marble pagoda of the Pailou gate in the Yellow Monastery in Peking. Pailou gates have been used in China for centuries to commemorate heroic events, but this is the first to be built in the United States, according to the local housing authority.—United Press.

And So They Were Married

London, Oct. 30.

After a quarrel with his sweetheart R.A.F. Corporal Roy Douglas Graham shot himself in the stomach with a pistol.

Fortunately, as the court-martial president said at Andover, the result was not disastrous; in fact the wound healed in ten days.

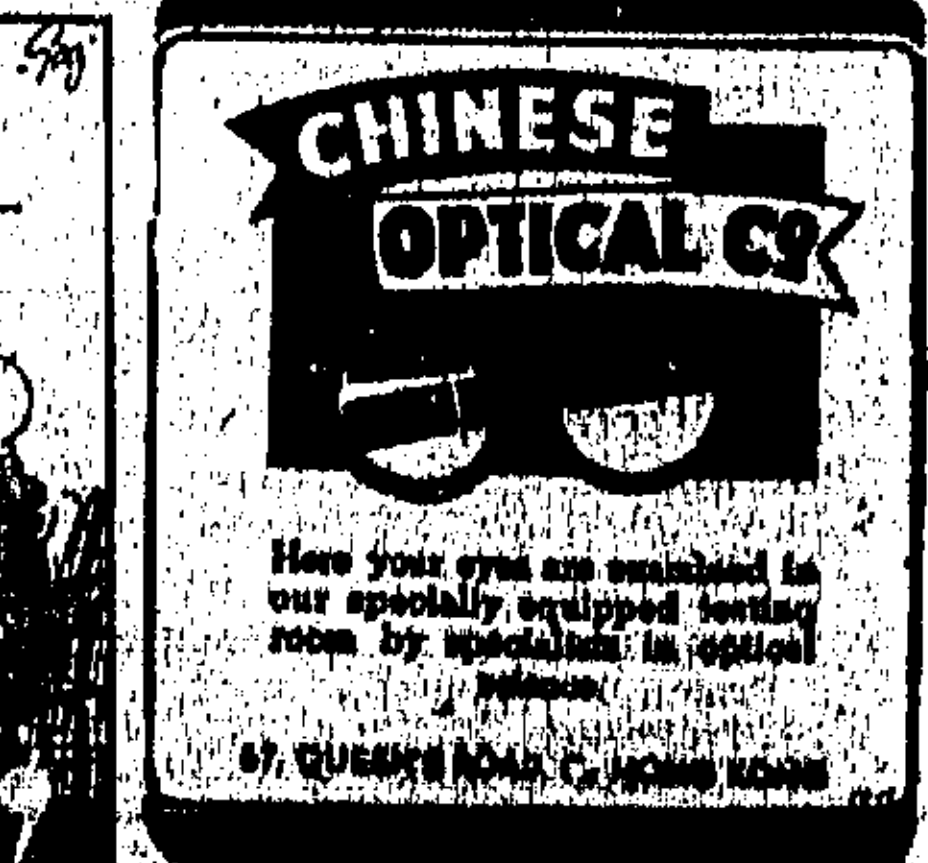
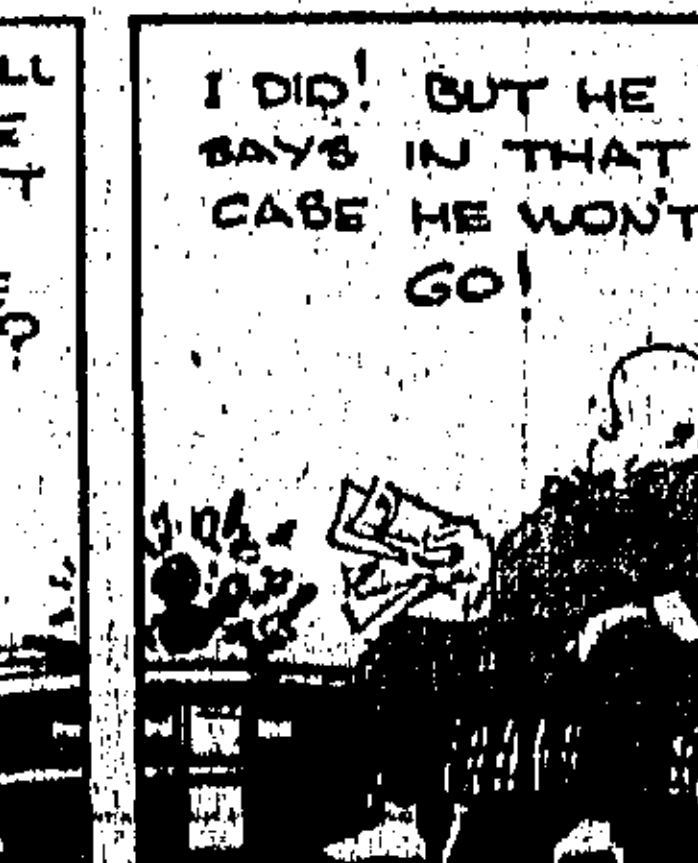
But why did Graham do it?—Suicide, as the charge alleged, to get out of the Service; as the alternative charge said, or just to frighten his girl friend, as an R.A.F. psychiatrist believed?

The court decided "attempted suicide," even though a doctor said: "If he intended to kill himself it was a very bad shot." The sentence—one day's detention. Which meant that he was free to go away on a 24-hour pass.

And guess who went with him? The blonde Waaf for love of whom he shot himself.

Because they have been married since the shooting. She was on duty a few yards from the court-martial room while the trial was on. The court's decision was telephoned to her. If she had been a bit nearer she would have heard the shooting called a "crime passionnel." She would have heard the court president, too, tell her husband, who is 21: "This was little more than the action of a silly little boy."

POP



KING'S MAJESTIC

Air Conditioned

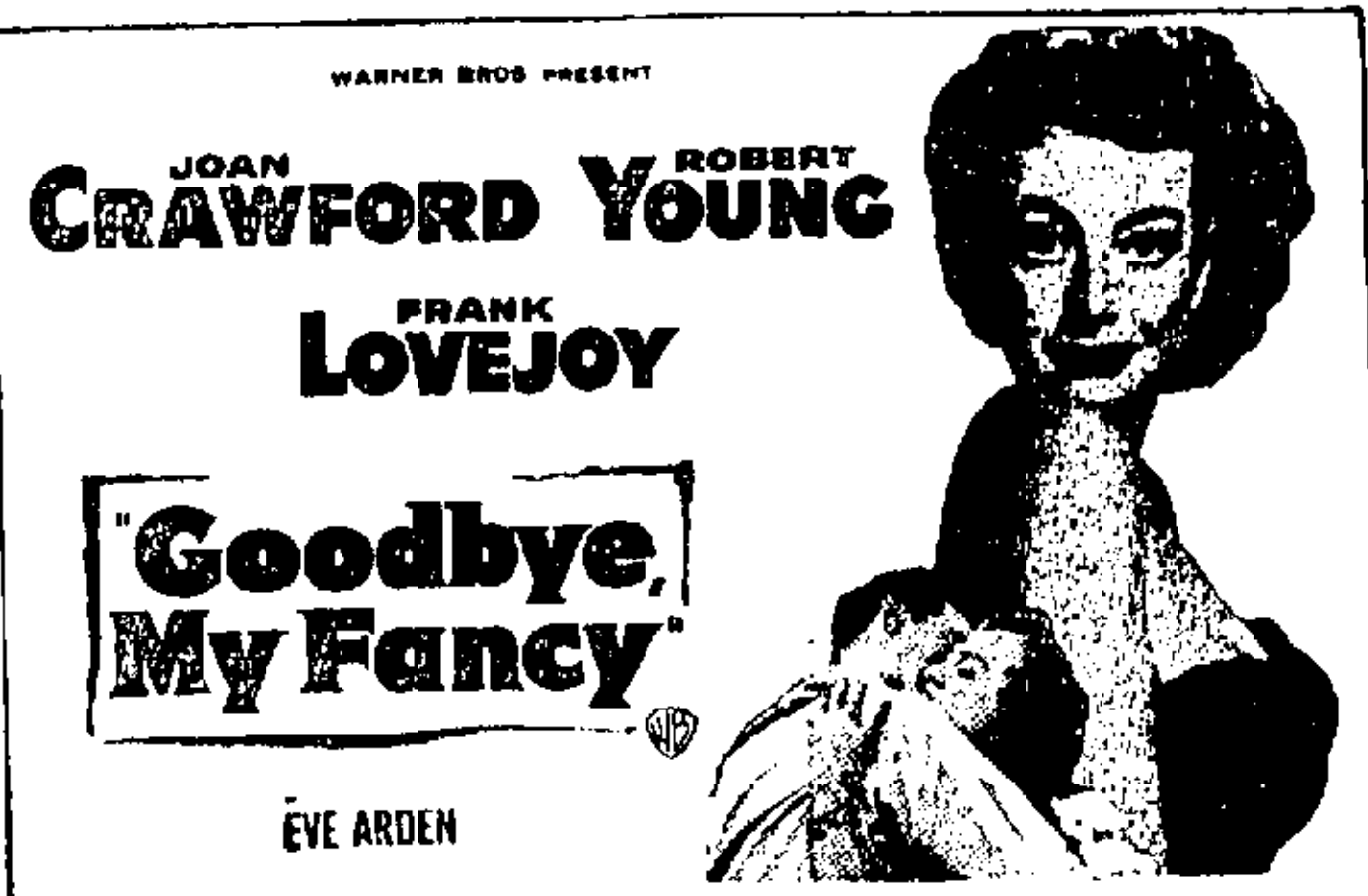
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AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20
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& 9.30 P.M.Special Added Attraction at the KING'S
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The Kill and Run Terror-Reign of the Tri-State Gang!

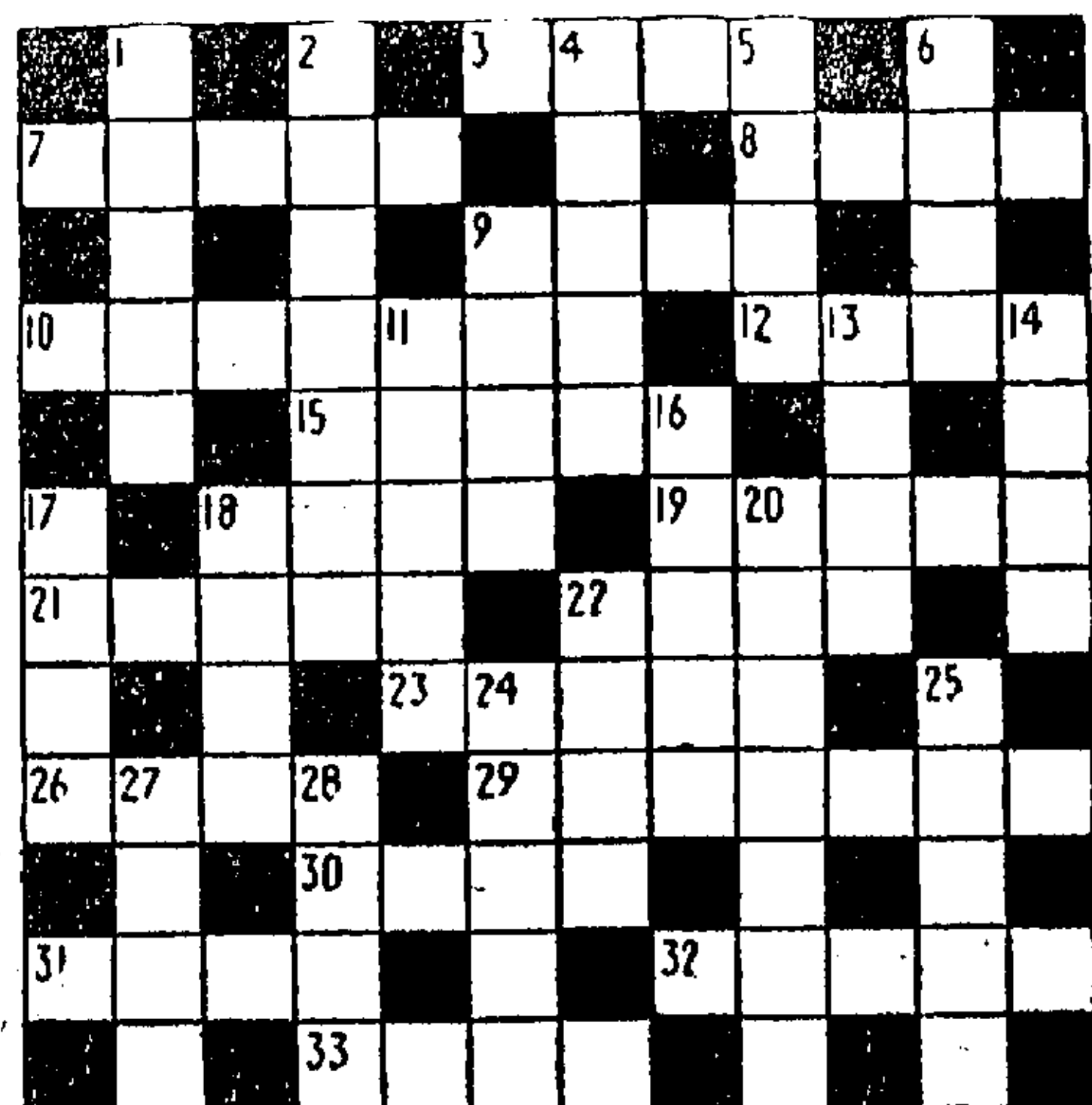


Starring: Steve Cochran Virginia Grey

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ONLY

To-Morrow! "HIGHWAY 301"

A British Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS

- 3 Mast (4).
7 Skins (6).
8 Eager (4).
9 Dudge (4).
10 Exact copy (7).
12 Book (4).
15 Sharp (5).
16 Trampled (4).
19 Trench (5).
21 Foreign (6).
22 Marrow (4).
23 Condemn (5).
24 Enrolments (4).
26 Withdraw (7).
28 Den (4).
31 Drill (4).
32 Vastness (5).
33 Sharpen (4).

DOWN

- 1 Collier (5).
2 Assent (7).
4 Bold (5).
5 Substitute for a boat (4).
6 Fate (4).
9 Run before the wind (4).
11 Figures (5).
13 Expensive (4).
14 Close imitation (4).
16 Decree (5).
17 Young animal (4).
18 Roof covering (4).
20 Repeat (7).
22 Pillar (4).
24 Arrangement (5).
25 Climb (5).
27 Black (4).
28 Slaughtered (4).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 1. Candid, 7. Idea, 9. Prism, 10. Value, 11. Idle, 13. Degenerate, 15. Ake, 16. Oast, 18. Travostles, 22. Pare, 24. Board, 25. Abant, 26. Kept, 27. God, 28. Down, 29. Demon, 31. Distant, 32. Militant, 33. Paul, 3. Down: 1. Ape, 2. Drop, 3. Slaughter, 4. Strong, 5. Evades, 6. Sward, 7. Inane, 8. Abut.

Chinese Force Enters Lhasa

Tokyo, Oct. 31. Peking Radio announced early this morning that the main body of the Chinese Communist force entered the Tibetan capital of Lhasa on October 26. The broadcast, monitored in Tokyo, said the vanguard of the Chinese Red force entered Lhasa on September 9. The main body, which occupied the capital last Friday, was reported to be under the command of Gen. Chang Kuo-fa and the political commissar, Tan Kuan-san.—United Press.

Red China's Relations With India

New Delhi, Oct. 30. The Chinese cultural delegation to India, led by Indian-Chinese diplomatic relations, have been satisfactory for the past two years, but could be better. The delegation, which, this morning, Chinese Deputy Minister of Cultural Affairs, addressed the Indian Council of World Affairs. The meeting was attended by Foreign Minister K. P. S. Menon of India. The delegation was to meet Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru later. "The satisfactory development of our economic and diplomatic relations in the past two years is a preliminary indication of the growing bond of friendship between our nations," the Chinese visitor said. "It is the task of this delegation to strengthen the bond, in order to lay the foundation which will be given us by our Indian friends, so that every country in the world may be able to give us a closer relationship against the Chinese visitor said."

Strike In Malta

Valletta, Oct. 30. Admiralty dock workers employed on a wharf here started an unofficial strike today, demanding an increase in wages. Only one ship is idle.—Reuter.

Blueprint Of Treaty For Germany Ready

Bonn, Oct. 30.

The Western Allies and the West Germans have drafted a treaty giving West Germany partnership in the European defence front, an Allied official said tonight.

Allied and German experts have finished their blueprint of the treaty, which will also provide for the end of the Allied High Commission and the Occupation Statute.

The High Commissioners will have a private meeting tomorrow to discuss it. They will then bring it up at the next meeting with the West German Federal Chancellor, Dr. Konrad Adenauer, on Friday. If approved, it will go to the Allied Governments in Washington, London and Paris. The treaty will embody the decisions of the American, British and French Foreign Ministers' Conference on Germany in Washington last month. It will be an "umbrella" under which will be assembled a system of detailed agreements regulating the new phase in the Allied-German relationship. The Allies and the West Germans intend to sign it only when the detailed treaties, the European Army plan and the Schuman coal and steel plan are ready to come into force.—Reuter.

ELECTION BILL

Bonn, Oct. 30.

The West German Cabinet today approved the draft of a Bill for the holding of free general elections in all four zones of Germany. The draft will be sent to Parliament as soon as possible, the Government spokesman said.

The spokesman refused to give any details of the Bill.

Here is what to do after
OVER-INDULGENCE

Too much good food and drink? Try Alka-Seltzer and see how much better you feel. Alka-Seltzer soothes headache, neutralizes excess gastric acidity, "sets you right again!" Keep a supply of Alka-Seltzer handy—always.

Alka-Seltzer

OSLO REJECTS RUSSIAN ACCUSATION OF TREATY VIOLATIONS

Oslo, Oct. 30.

Norway tonight rejected the Russian accusation that she had broken the demilitarisation clause of the Spitzbergen treaty of 1920.

The Norwegian reply to the Soviet note on Spitzbergen was handed over tonight.

It reaffirmed the purely defensive character of the Atlantic Pact and stressed Norway's policy of not permitting foreign military bases to be established on Norwegian territory as long as Norway is not attacked or threatened.

Referring to the Russian allegation that Norway, by taking part in the establishment of a joint command system for the North Atlantic area, was permitting military measures within the area covered by the Spitzbergen treaty, Norway's reply stated:

"The Norwegian Government emphasises most strongly that such a view lacks any foundation in fact. In accordance with her obligations under the treaty, Norway has not established and will not establish any kind of military fortification or base within the Spitzbergen Archipelago or on Bear Island. Neither will she allow any other State to do so."

PURELY DEFENSIVE

"By virtue of her sovereignty over these areas, the Norwegian Government will take care of all legitimate interests on Spitzbergen and Bear Island and protect the status of the islands under the treaty. They are confident that all other States which are bound by the treaty will in the same way keep strictly to their obligations."

The American Press, in its reply to the Russian note, said it was "not a surprise" that the United States was unable to give member States any guarantee for the security which they need. Late in the afternoon it had confirmed that its assumption was correct.

"The Paris defence arrangements," it said, "represent any legitimate objectives and have no aggressive aims against other States. The United States is not in a position to support any other."

Search For War Graves

Kassel, Oct. 30.

A German War Commission today left here for Libya to search for the graves of German Afrika Corps soldiers and arrange for their burial in three central cemeteries.

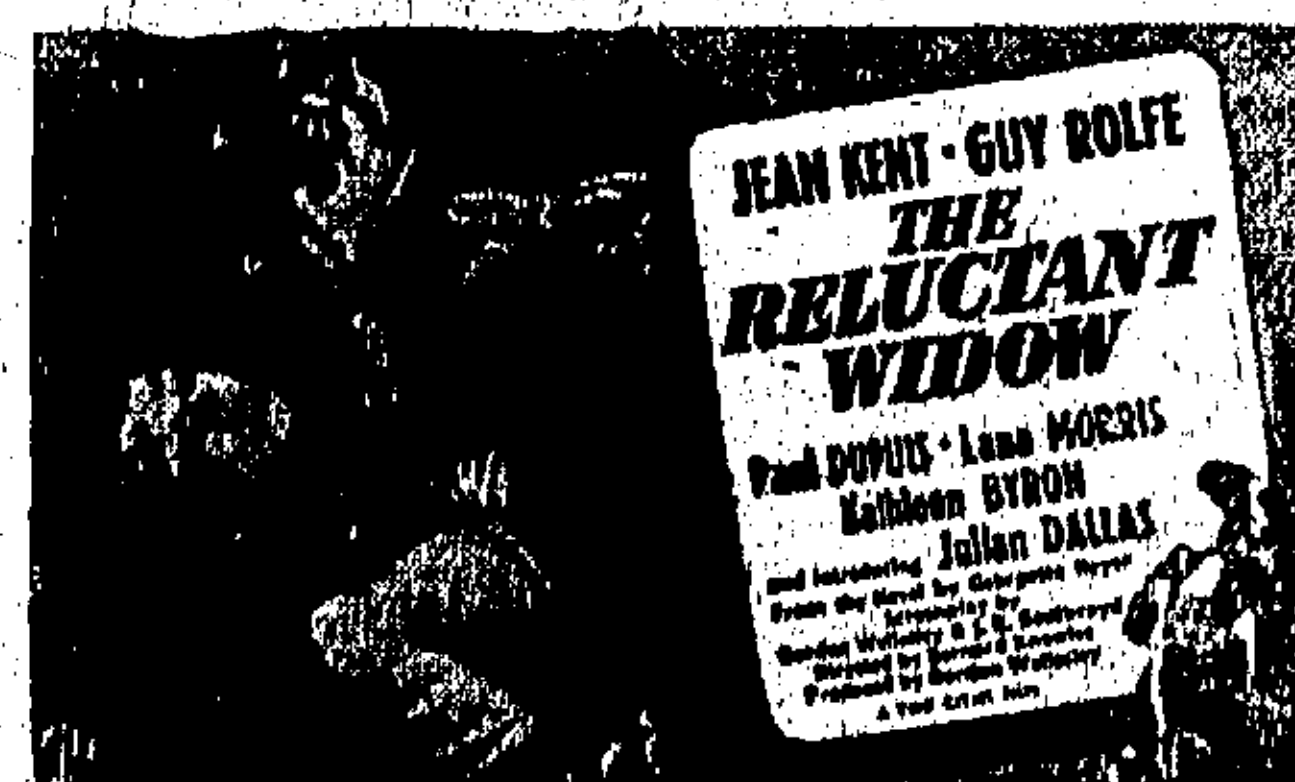
The group of four, led by Captain Hermann Schulz-Dewitz, one of Marshal Rommel's adjutants, is expected to arrive in Tripoli on November 14. They will stay in North Africa for at least eight months, following the trail of the Afrika Corps across the Libyan Desert.

The men planned their expedition with the aid of many maps and documents belonging to the late Marshal. The group will co-operate with the British Imperial War Graves Commission and the Italian War Graves Commission. The projected central cemeteries are to be located near Tripoli, Benghazi and Tobruk.—Reuter.

Methodists To Protest

Cleveland, Oct. 30.

Dr. Hazen G. Werner, Methodist Bishop of Ohio, said today that members of his church will hold a series of mass meetings throughout the country to protest the proposed appointment of an ambassador to the Vatican.—Associated Press.

TO-DAY ONLY **LIBERTY** AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

TO-MORROW
Rod CAMERON • Ruth ROMAN
"BELLE STARR'S DAUGHTER"

MARSHAL'S REPORT TO N.A.T.O.

London, Oct. 30.

Field-Marshal Sir William Slim today reported to the NATO Deputies' Council in London on his recent visit to Athens and Ankara.

He went to Greece and Turkey earlier this month with General Bradley, Chairman of the American Chiefs of Staff, and General Leclercq of the French General Staff. They conferred with Greek and Turkish military leaders on the admission of the two countries into the Atlantic treaty and consequent arrangements to fit their forces into suitable command structures.

The Canadian Foreign Minister, Mr. Lester Pearson, attended today's meeting.

According to a usually reliable source, the Deputies' meeting was also called to discuss the long-delayed appointment of a Supreme Naval Commander for the post now that Admiral Fechteler has become American Chief of Naval Staff, is Admiral Lynde McCormick, Commander of American naval forces in the Atlantic.—Reuter.

TURKEY'S EFFORT

London, Oct. 30.

S. Howard Roberts, Clerk to the London County Council, said today that the Turks were "bleeding themselves white over defence."

Sir Howard, just back from Ankara where he was advising on local government, expressed disappointment at the part being played by Britain in assisting Turkey.

American and German firms were much more active in seeking trade agreements, he said. "We just send a catalogue and that is the end," he said.

But he thought that with goodwill on both sides a great deal of interchange could take place.

The general atmosphere in Turkey towards Britain seemed to be extremely friendly and he had been tremendously impressed by her potentialities, he added.—Reuter.

Admiral Kirk's Mission

New York, Oct. 30.

Admiral Alan Kirk, United States Ambassador to Moscow, left by air for Paris where he will be advisor to the United States delegation to the UN General Assembly.

He warned reporters that his appointment as advisor did not necessarily mean he will not return to his post in Moscow as had been speculated recently. Admiral Kirk said when the time comes for an announcement about his Ambassadorship to Moscow to be made it will be made by the White House or the State Department.—United Press.

London, Oct. 30. Mr. Stefan Wierowski, Polish Deputy Foreign Minister, will lead the Polish delegation at the United Nations General Assembly in Paris, Warsaw radio reported today.—Reuter.

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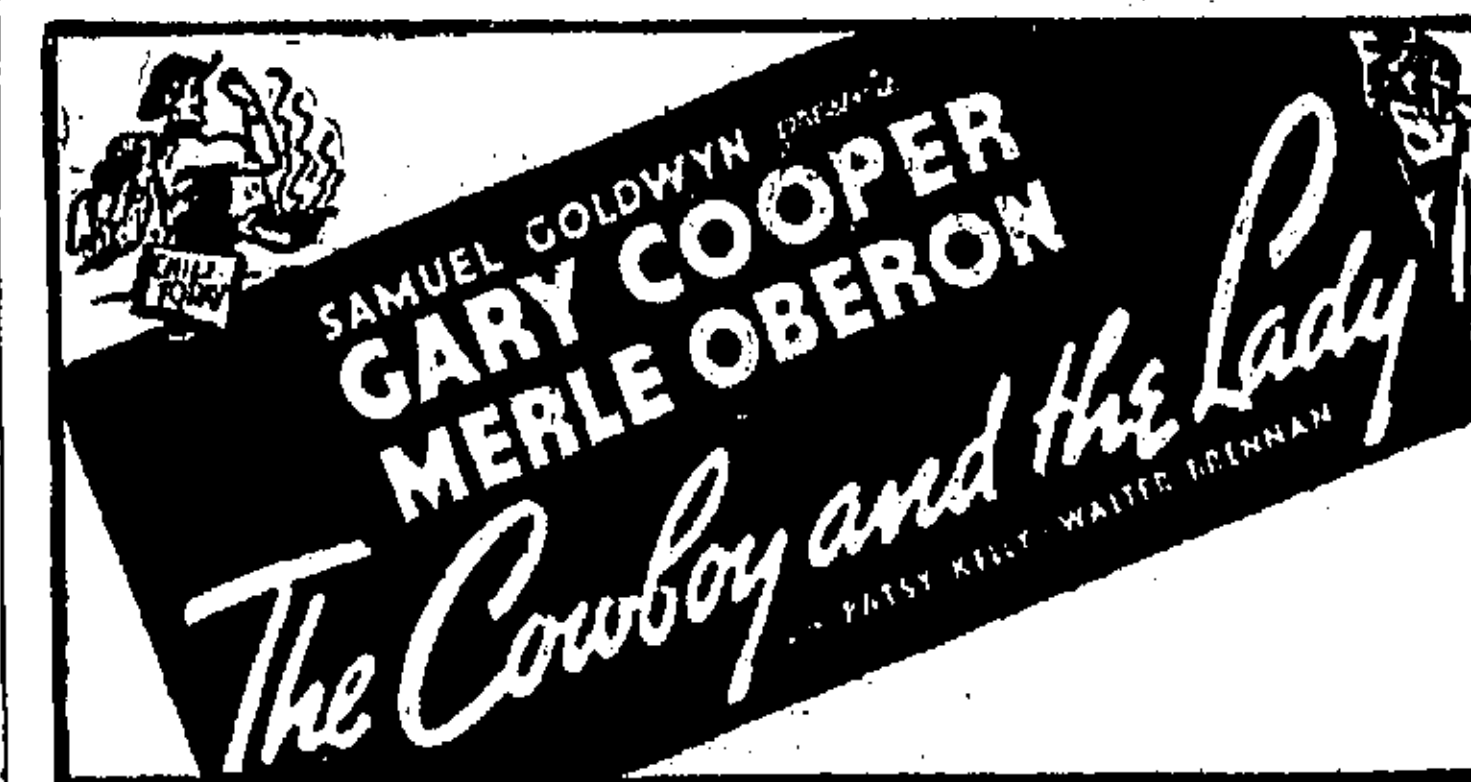
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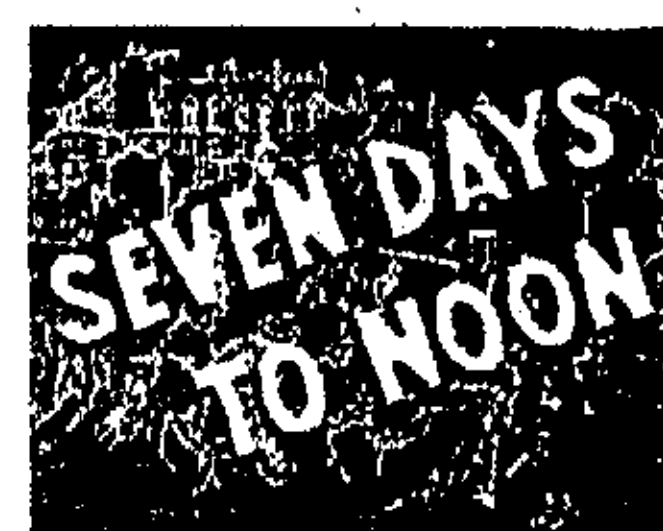
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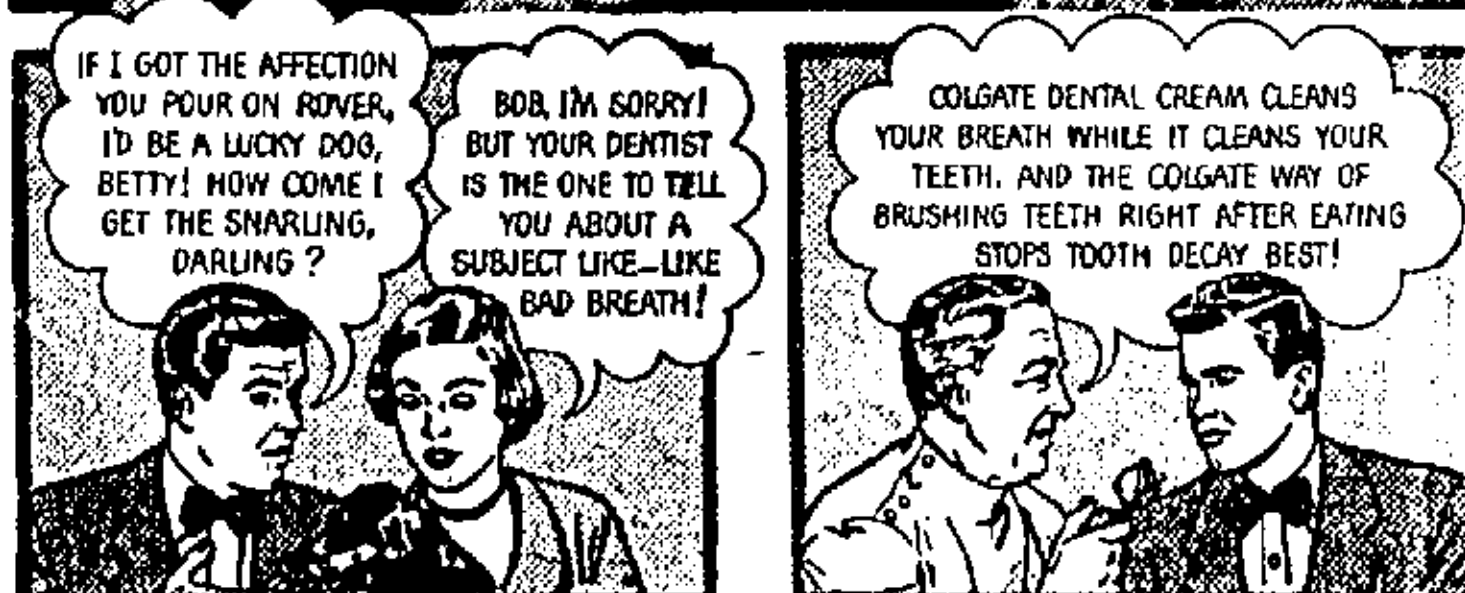
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READER'S DIGEST* Reported The Same Research Which Proves That Brushing Teeth Right After Eating with

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MOST THOROUGHLY PROVED AND ACCEPTED HOME METHOD OF ORAL HYGIENE KNOWN TODAY

Reader's Digest recently reported the very same research which proves that the Colgate way of brushing teeth right after eating stops tooth decay best! The most thoroughly proved and accepted home method of oral hygiene known today!

Use Colgate Dental Cream To Clean Your Mouth While You Clean Your Teeth—And Help Stop Tooth Decay!



*YOU SHOULD KNOW Colgate's highly salt-saturated toothpaste is used in the scientific researches on tooth decay recently reported in Reader's Digest.

R. M. MacCOLL

American Column

Mother's union

NEW YORK. IF you want a really wonderful time you should be on strike in California.

On September 5, 10,350 workers struck at the huge Douglas aircraft factory in Long Beach.

Their union, United Auto Workers, has since seen to it that the men and women have continued to live in the style to which they are accustomed.

Some of the things the motherly union provides for the men, and free babysitters for the women (after all, somebody has got to look after Buster while poor mom's tramping up and down on that little old picket line).

And, of course, mom does not have much chance to cook meals, so the union feeds everyone—hamburgers, "hot dogs," beef stew, beans in tomato sauce, and so on.

Keep them happy while they are calling? Why, yes—TV on giant screens brings them the baseball games from the East.

When they get tired of this, there are all those lovely shiny juke-boxes, "dealer-donated," twanging out the hill-billy favourites.

Said a union official happily: "The donations are coming in just fine."

ORDER

INDIANA has a State law which says no woman can be served a drink while standing at the bar.

That did not suit 36-year-old Miss Ida Stevens. She got her drink at a bar in South Bend—

at the point of a gun.

Mrs Stevens has since gone to jail for 30 days. But barman Morris McFarland says that in the excitement he forgot to collect for the price of the drink.

GOING DOWN

GARAGES in the big cities are elaborate affairs with lifts to take patrons' cars to upper floors.

But 73 men playing in a huge dice game on the fourth floor of a New York garage got a surprise when the lift doors opened and four Black Marias, crammed with police, rolled out.

Besides the 73 players, the police drove off with 20,000 dollars in stakes.

TITLE

IN DETROIT they have dreamed up a new title for a comedy young woman.

Miss Gaylia Davis, a 17-year-old brunette, has become "Miss Sewer Cleaner of 1951."

"After all," says Gaylia, "it's publicity, isn't it? There will be huge pictures of me at sewer-cleaning conventions all over the country."

TEST FOR MAX

WHEN MAX BYGRAVES, 28-year-old ex-R.A.F. comedian from Finchley, steps on to the famous stage of the Palace Theatre in New York—he is on the bill with Judy Garland—he will be putting to the test the opinions of Danny Kaye, Abbott and Costello, and Jack Benny.

For they are among famous American performers who all told him, after watching him in action in London, "that he would be a 'smash hit' in America."

Max plans to "give the Palace audience my straight British act."

He is very encouraged because at his final Palladium performance he spotted five G.I.s sitting in the second row.

"I kept an eye on them and they practically fell into the aisle. A good omen."

Max will join Judy in the "happy dance," "A Couple of Swells," from "Easter Parade."

PETITION

HARVARD UNDERGRADS are petitioning the university authorities to be allowed to entertain girls in their rooms until 11 p.m. at week-ends.

Otherwise, they complain, they must become "frustrated" and will not grow up to be the real man which Harvard is supposed to turn out.

And they point out that the evening bar is silly because they are allowed to entertain girls in the afternoon.

SHOW BUSINESS

COMEDIANS at the Waldorf do a skit entitled "Gertrude Lawrence of Arabia."

After six years France finally got around to awarding the Legion d'Honneur to Marlene Dietrich for "amusing French troops in the war." She got the medal—and a warm embrace—from Ambassador Henri Bonnet.

Ted Shapiro, pianist to "Last of the Red Hot Mommies" Sophie Tucker (who opens again on Broadway next week), is now so rich that his friends contend that he has a bank vault with another vault inside it.

Rosalind Russell is doing a risky thing. She is appearing on TV in "Never Wave at a Wac," and she and her husband, producer Fred Balaban, plan to use the script for a film to be released next year. The point is: Will the TV hurt the film?

Sitting on the Fence....

ACCORDING to a report from Cairo, Egyptian editors are indignant because British newspapers have been cruel to their King Farouk.

I don't know if I am included in this censure, but, if so, may I say at once that I am only being cruel to be kind?

Perhaps people thought I was being cruel when I pointed out that as Eva Peron was giving herself medals for not doing something she was probably going round the bend.

Nobody took any notice of my kindly warning, but since then she has been in the care of several doctors. Hysteria and depression have been cautiously mentioned.

It won't be long before somebody describes the poor girl as a "manic-depressive," which is the latest way of saying people are going barmy.

Now we have Farouk believing he is the King of Sudan. Whether the Egyptian editors like it or not I am going to warn them here and now that the madhouses of the world are full of people who think they are kings of something or other.

In every male ward in every lunatic bin there is a Napoleon. In most there is at least one Emperor of Russia, a couple of Kings of France, and usually a King of China.

NATHANIEL GUBBINS

Before Dr Gubbins had finished with him, Farouk wouldn't even believe he was King of Egypt, which might prove an easy solution to difficulties in the Middle East.

Lay off

IF you think I was glad to read that Mr Bloodsucker, the income tax collector, has been assailed by angry taxpayers you are wrong.

I am glad to hear that he is asking for compensation if injured while doing his perilous duty.

Those who are thinking of socking or strangling any of Mr Bloodsucker's colleagues should remember that they are acting on instructions from the Treasury, who presumably act on instructions from the Chancellor of the Exchequer. So if you want to strangle somebody pick the right man.

Hotel proprietors would be in the same difficulty and would find an excuse to charge you twice as much for everything, particularly those who don't serve butter or bacon.

If you are an ordinary citizen, not forced to pay taxes, you might spend your money on things you need, cause inflation and ruin the country.

If you are an ordinary, but toothless citizen, there would be no money to pay for the health service, so you would have to buy your own dentures.

These remarks also apply to women: with imaginary headaches who would have to buy their own aspirin, and fat women who would have to buy their own slimming pills.

Even worse, if you are a member of that fine old regiment, The Fire Brigade, you wouldn't be able to go to war with anybody because there would be no money for armaments.

So next time you want to hit Mr Bloodsucker remember first that but for him our wonderful civilisation would collapse, and second that he is no more responsible for his actions than the public hangman.

"Closing The Ring"—Chapter 21

A CONVERSATION WITH STALIN

THE formal conferences [at Teheran] were interspersed with

what may be thought to be even more important talks between Roosevelt, Stalin, and myself at luncheons and dinners. Here there were very few things that could not be said and received in good humour. On Sunday night, Nov. 28, the President was our host for dinner. We were a party of 10 or 11, including the interpreters, and conversation soon became general and serious.

After dinner on this first evening, when we were strolling about the room, I led Stalin to a sofa and suggested that we talk for a little on what was to happen after the war was won. He assented with good-humour, and we sat down. Eden joined us.

"Let us," said the Marshal, "first consider the worst that might happen." He thought that Germany had every possibility of recovering from this war, and might start on a new one within a comparatively short time. He feared the revival of German nationalism. After Versailles peace had seemed assured, but Germany had recovered very quickly.

We must therefore establish a strong body to prevent Germany starting a new war. He was convinced that she would recover. When I asked "How soon?" he replied, "Within 15 to 20 years."

Restraints on Germany

I SAID that the world must be made safe for at least 50 years. If it was only for 15 to 20 years then we should have betrayed our soldiers.

Stalin thought we should consider restraints on Germany's manufacturing capacity. The Germans were an able people, very industrious and resourceful, and they would recover quickly. I replied that there would have to be certain measures of control. I would forbid them all aviation, civil and military, and I would forbid the General Staff system.

"Would you," asked Stalin, "also forbid the existence of watchmakers and furniture factories for making pairs of shells?" The Germans produced toy rifles which were used for teaching hundreds of thousands of men how to shoot.

"Nothing," I said, "is final. The world rolls on. We have now learnt something. Our duty is to make the world safe

for at least 50 years by German disarmament, by preventing rearmament, by forbidding German factories, by forbidding all aviation, and by territorial changes of a far-reaching character. It all comes back to the question whether Great Britain, the United States, and the U.S.S.R. can keep a close friendship and supervise Germany in their mutual interests. We ought not to be afraid to give orders as soon as we see any danger."

"There was control after the last war," said Stalin, "but it failed."

"We were inexperienced then," I replied. "The last war was not to the same extent a national war, and Russia was not a party at the Peace Conference. It will be different this time."

I had a feeling that Prussia should be isolated and reduced. That Bavaria, Austria, and Hungary might form a broad, peaceful, unaggressive confederation. I thought Prussia should be dealt with more sternly than the other parts of the Reich, which might thus be influenced against throwing in their lot with her. It must be remembered that those were war time moods.

"All very good, but insufficient," was Stalin's comment.

Not against toilers

RUSSIA, I continued, would have her Army, Great Britain and the United States their Navies and Air Forces. In addition, all three Powers would have their other resources. All would be strongly armed, and must not assume any obligation to disarm. "We are the trustees for the peace of the world. If we fall there will be perhaps a hundred years of chaos. If we are strong we can carry out our trusteeship."

"There is more," I went on, "than merely keeping the peace. The three Powers should guide the future of the world. I do not want to enforce any system on other nations. I ask for freedom and for the rights of all nations to develop as they like. We three must remain friends in order to ensure happy homes in all countries."

Stalin asked again what was to happen to Germany.

I replied that I was not against the toilers in Germany, but only against the leaders and against dangerous combinations. He said that there were many toilers in the German divisions who fought

under orders. When he asked German prisoners who came from the labouring classes (such is the record, but he probably meant "Communist party") why they fought for Hitler they replied that they were carrying out orders. He shot such prisoners.

The Polish question

I SUGGESTED that we should discuss the Polish question. He agreed and invited me to begin. I said that we had declared war on account of Poland. Poland was therefore important to us. Nothing was more important than the security of the Russian western frontier. But I had given no pledges about frontiers. I wanted heart-to-heart talks with the Russians about this.

After this war in Europe, which might end in 1944, the Soviet Union would be overwhelmingly strong and Russia would have a great responsibility in any decision she took with regard to Poland. Personally I thought Poland might move westwards, like soldiers taking two steps "left close." If Poland trod on some German toes that could not be helped, but there must be a strong Poland. Poland was an instrument needed in the orchestra of Europe.

Stalin said the Polish people had their culture and their language, which must exist. They could not be exterminated.

"Are we to try," I asked, "to draw frontier lines?"

"Yes," I replied. "I have no power from Parliament, nor, I believe, has the President, to define any frontier lines. But we might have, in Teheran, see it, the three heads of Government, working in agreement, could form some sort of policy which we could recommend to the Poles and advise them to accept."

We agreed to look at the problem. Stalin asked whether it would be without Polish participation. I said "Yes," and that when this was all informally agreed between ourselves we could go to the Poles later. Mr Eden here remarked that he had been much struck by Stalin's statement that afternoon that the Poles could go as far west as the Oder. He saw hope in that and was much encouraged.

Stalin asked whether we thought he was going to swallow Poland up. Eden said he did not know how much the Russians were going to eat. How much would they leave undigested? Stalin said the Russians did not want anything belonging to other people, although they might have a bite at Germany.

Eden said that what Poland lost in the east she might gain in the west. Stalin replied that possibly she might, but he did not know. I then demonstrated with the help of three matches my idea of Poland moving westwards. This pleased Stalin, and on this note our group parted for the moment.

The postwar world

THE morning of Nov. 29 was occupied by the conference of the British, Soviet, and American military chiefs. As I knew that Stalin and Roosevelt had already had a private conversation, and were of course staying in the same building, I suggested that the President and I might lunch together before the second plenary meeting that afternoon.

Roosevelt, however, declined, and sent Harriman to me to explain that he did not want Stalin to know that he and I were meeting privately. I was surprised at this, for I thought we all three should treat each other with equal confidence.

The President after luncheon had a further interview with Stalin and Molotov, at which many important matters were discussed, including particularly Mr. Roosevelt's plan for the government of the postwar world. This should be carried out by the "Four Policemen," namely, the U.S.S.R., the United States, Great Britain, and China.

and possessed of a truer sense of value than the President.

When Stalin proposed an alternative that there should be one committee for Europe and another for the Far East—the European committee to consist of Britain, Russia, the United States, and possibly one other European nation—the President replied that this was somewhat similar to my idea of regional committees, one for Europe, one for the Far East, and one for the Americas.

He does not seem to have made it clear that I also contemplated a Supreme United Nations Council, of which the three regional committees would be the components. As I was not informed till much later of what had taken place I was not able to correct this erroneous presentation.

Stalingrad sword

BEFORE our second plenary session began at four o'clock I presented, by the King's command, the Sword of Honour which His Majesty had had specially designed and wrought to commemorate the glorious defence of Stalingrad. The large outer hall was filled with Russian officers and soldiers.

When, after a few sentences of explanation, I handed the splendid weapon to Marshal Stalin he raised it in a most impressive gesture to his lips and kissed the blade. He then handed it to Voroshilov, who dropped it. It was carried from the room in great solemnity, escorted by a Russian guard of honour.

As the procession moved away I saw the President sitting at the side of the room, obviously stirred by the ceremony. We then moved to the conference chamber and took our seats again at the round table, this time with the Chiefs of Staff, who were now to report the result of their morning's labours.

The C.I.G.S. [Gen. Sir Alan Brooke] said that they had surveyed various operations, and they realised that unless something was done in the Mediterranean between now and the launching of "Overlord" [the 1944 cross-Channel operation] the Germans would be able to transfer troops from Italy to Russia or Northern France. Portal [Chief of the Air Staff] had reviewed our bombing offensive and Marshall the United States build-up in Britain.

The Supreme Commander

GEN. Marshall said that the problem confronting the Western Allies in Europe was not one of troops or material, but of ships and landing-craft, and getting fighter aircraft close enough to the scene of operations. Landing-craft were particularly short, and the most vital need was for the L.S.T.s, which carried 40 tanks apiece.

The building programme had been accelerated both in the United Kingdom and in the United States, with two objects: first, to increase the scale of the initial assault for "Overlord" and, secondly, to enable us to undertake the operations which we thought right in the Mediterranean.

Stalin then put the crucial question, "Who will command 'Overlord'?" The President replied that this had not yet been decided. Stalin said bluntly that the operation would come to naught unless one man was placed in charge of all the preparation for it. Roosevelt explained that this had already been done. Gen. Morgan, a British officer, had been given a combined Anglo-American staff and had been planning the operation for some considerable time.

Everything, in fact, had already been decided, except the name of the Supreme Commander. Stalin declared it essential that a man should be appointed at once to be responsible not only for the planning, but also for the execution. Otherwise, although Gen. Morgan might say that everything was ready, the Supreme Commander, when appointed, might have very different ideas and wish to alter everything.

I suggested that the appointment of a Supreme Commander was more appropriate for discussion by the three Heads of Government than it was for a large conference. Stalin said that the Soviet Government would not claim to be a voice in the appointment. They merely wanted to know who it would be.

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(MORE TOMORROW)



"Well dear, your mother will miss you terribly, especially as you've been with her so long."

JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Don't Be Afraid To Take A Gamble

NORTH (D) 22			
♠ 63			
♥ A Q 8			
♦ K Q J 10			
♣ 8 2			
WEST			
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♥ K 9 6 3			
♦ 10 8 2			
♣ A 10 6 5 4			
SOUTH			
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♥ J 3			
♦ 7			
♣ A Q			
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North	East	South	West
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2 ♠	Pass	4 ♠	Pass
Pass	Pass		
Opening lead—♥ 2			

By OSWALD JACOBY

IF everybody always bid and played bridge according to the book, you'd find me playing tidily-tyks on a nice snappy round of croquet. Part of the thrill of bridge is getting yourself into the soup—and out of it.

It was a nice soup that South plunged into when he bid four spades. He was doomed to lose at least two spades and two clubs. But the hand gave him game and rubber.

West opened the deuce of hearts and South, who had no heart, could guess the way to play the red suits. If West had led from the king of hearts South could let the first trick ride around to the jack and then repeat the heart finesse.

This would give him an immediate club discard, after which he would be safe to lead trumps and give up two trumps and one club.

As it happened, however, West was the sort of player who had strong (not necessarily sensible) opinions about opening leads. Never lead from a king, he had often been heard to say. This was considered the latest word fifty years ago, and that was good enough for West.

For this reason South didn't relish the idea of playing West for the king of hearts. West might have held kings in three of the four suits, but he surely didn't have the king of diamonds and therefore could have led a diamond if he had held the king of hearts.

There was only one other chance, and South played for it. He put up the ace of hearts, cashed the ace of diamonds, and led two more top diamonds, discarding the jack of hearts from his hand. The odds were almost 2 to 1 against a 3-3 break in diamonds, but any other play was sheer surrender.

Fortunately for declarer, both defenders had to follow to three rounds of diamonds. Now declarer could lead a fourth diamond from the dummy and discard one of his losing clubs.

It didn't matter which opponent ruffed, for the ruff would come at the expense of a natural trump trick. South would lose only one club and two trumps.

CARD SENSE

Q—The bidding has been: North: 1 Spade, 2 Hearts, 3 Clubs, 4 Spades. East: 1 Heart, 2 Spades, 3 Clubs, 4 Spades. South: 1 Heart, 2 Spades, 3 Clubs, 4 Spades. West: 1 Heart, 2 Spades, 3 Clubs, 4 Spades.

A—What do you do? You, South, hold: Spade 6, Hearts 7-4, Diamonds K-Q-J-10-9-8-7-6-5-4-3-2, Clubs 8-4. What do you do?

A—Bid three diamonds. This bid shows a strong suit but denies a good hand. You are not overjoyed to get so high with nothing but your diamonds, but your partner would probably be even less happy at spades or hearts.

INTELLIGENCE TEST

Black and red

By T. O. HARE

ALAN, Bernard and Charles are playing a three-handed card game, at the end of which 52 cards of an ordinary pack are divided equally among the three. Charles has the longest number. If a card were drawn at random from Alan's collection, the odds are 3 to 2 on its being a black one. If a card were drawn at random from those held by Bernard, the odds are 5 to 1 it would be red. Alan's black cards outnumber Charles' red cards by four.

How many cards does Charles hold?

(Solution on Page 10)

Check Your Knowledge

- What is the meaning of Pravda, the Moscow newspaper?
- Who said "My trade is to see what I think?"
- How old was Joan of Arc at the time of her execution?
- Where is Dante buried?
- By what is Benjamin Franklin best known as a perfume collector?
- What is the meaning of the German expression "Gnadenlos?"

(Answers on Page 10)

BY THE WAY

by Beachcomber

THE daring revelation, by a gentleman described as an economist, that the rise in the cost of living is due to rising prices will lead some non-economists to suspect that falling prices might lower the cost of living.

It is outspoken comments such as this which enable the public to understand what is happening.

Electricity enforcement officers

THE report that the building of Government offices is to be checked unless the question of the housing of the new corps of spies and informers who will be needed to enforce the switching off of electricity in homes and offices. I revert once more to my suggestion that compulsory billeting should be introduced. If every family suspected of disobedience had an official informer billeted on the premises the work of the itinerant spies would be considerably facilitated. Instead of questioning the householder, the

spy would receive his report direct from the informant on the premises. A stormy meeting of the World Culture Committee, "what becomes of our proud boast of giving youth a chance?" Mrs. Babbalanja caused an uproar by pointing out that if it were a question of a little dog swimming the Channel, there would have been music meetings in Trafalgar Square to protest against such cruelty. Mrs. Wretch retorted that this was the Dark Ages mentality which would have prevented baby Mozart from playing the piano at the age of five. It babbled on the subject of adventure implanted in them by Dimeke and Frobenius, added Mrs. Wretch, "this great Empire will become a laughing-stock throughout the civilized world."

THE way is now open for the four Foreign Ministers to discuss the subjects which their duties could not agree to put on the agenda.

YOUR BIRTHDAY

By STELLA

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 31

BORN today, you have the talents of those born under your sign, but you lack the aggressiveness that makes you ready for others to gain a quick and decisive success. You love beauty and your appreciation of the aesthetic is particularly high. You feel within yourself that you are capable of accomplishing great things but are discouraged too easily. This brings an inner frustration which can be the cause of considerable unhappiness unless you learn to understand yourself better.

Your personal magnetism attracts people to you and your sympathy and kindness lets them intrude upon your time when you can least afford them. Then, realizing this, you fall back upon a moody silence—a reversal of attitude which is bound to be confusing. The answer is of course that you need time for your thought and creative work and unless you learn

to divide your time carefully, you will find yourself wasting energies on things that are unimportant. Also, you are rather too easily hurt by criticism. Before you take it to heart, consider first the source. A certain instinct for knowing when to take full advantage of some opportunity—and when to pass it by—contributes to the outcome of any project you undertake. Most people consider you lucky. You women are fine home-makers, devoted and true. You make companionable wives whose wide interests serve to bring the outside world into the home. Fond of children, you make an understanding parent to whom your children can bring their problems for solution. To find what the stars have in store for tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 22)—Think twice before making an important decision and then be diplomatic in announcing it!

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—Financial generosity to your family is fine, but overindulgence should be avoided.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20)—A good heart to a new month. Business prospects are favourable. Make the most of your opportunities.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—Face today's problems with due caution. An attitude of calm patience is best just now.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 20)—If life seems monotonous, get out and meet a few new people. Attend a church or a neighbourhood function.

ARIES (Mar. 21-Apr. 20)—Don't let the first-of-the-month bills get you down! You can handle things with some planning.

Taurus (Apr. 21-May 21)—Not a good day for romance. Be

diplomatic or a broken engagement might easily result.

GEMINI (May 22-June 21)—Plan your month's budget. This is a good time to use that ingenuity.

CANCER (June 22-July 22)—A good day to increase your worth to your employer. Do your best and you will be rewarded, later.

LEO (July 23-Aug. 22)—Don't be deceived by someone who is trying to outwit you in a business deal. Investigate everything.

VIRGO (Aug. 23-Sept. 22)—A schedule will help you to accomplish a heavy work programme this month. Make one and then stick to it.

LIBRA (Sept. 23-Oct. 22)—There is apt to be a change in your environment. An advance in your job is also possible.

WOMANSENSE

At last the Princess tries black

by EILEEN ASCROFT

PRINCESS ELIZABETH has given British fashion a boost with the clothes she has worn in Canada. Canadian, American and French fashion reports have praised the elegance and simplicity of her wardrobe.

COLOURS.—The dark warm shades chosen for the cold weather suit the Princess far better than the old insipid pinks and blues. Black is an unusual feature. Apart from Court mourning for King Gustaf of Sweden, the Princess has not appeared in public in black. An elegant cocktail dress in the Princess's wardrobe, as yet unworn, is in black satin, touched with gold.



LONDON is showing suits with waistcoat fronts. They can be worn either with or without a shirt.

Maple leaf brown is a new shade. There is a velvet leaf-pattern coat of this, which goes over a suit of the same shade.

Robin Red is another original choice. It is one of her favourites and she has worn it already on four occasions.

It is a pretty warm tone. There is an evening gown and a cocktail dress in this colour, which the Princess still to wear.

Olive green is one of the most flattering shades. The Princess wore her velvet coat over a matching crepe tucked dress several times and the coat also goes over a matching brocade cocktail dress.

Evening hues include gold, white, blue and cloud greys, and a beautiful shade of blue-green, almost aquamarine. The Princess has not yet worn this dress which is a crinoline with a shawl collar of brocade combined with matching velvet.

LINE.—Now that the Princess has streamlined her



PARIS combines tweed and hand-knitted jerseys for the latest country suits.



NEW YORK makes Christmas caps of crushed antique velvet. This pillbox shape is ombred from pink to purple, trimmed with an ostrich spray.

figure (she has taken two inches off her waist and hips) she can wear the fashionable rounded neckline. Packed away for a special occasion is an elegant Hartnell cocktail suit in slate-blue.

Her slender waistline is emphasised by full skirts. Length of coats is longer than last year, between one inch and two inches.

MATERIALS.—Street velvet is first choice for top coats. Cocktail dresses are of brocade or stiff silk. Evening gowns feature lace, tulle and brocade.

HATS.—Hats are mostly small and boat-shaped, with a sideways lift, so that the Princess's face would not be obscured.

Matching or toning felts are chiefly used. There are feather-trimmed, one with tiny stiffened green feathers backed with bright yellow feathers, another in brown ostrich feathers tailored over tulle. The third goes with a slate blue silk coat and waffle silk dress and is draped with magpie feathers.

The Princess also likes to have a few "floating" hats in her wardrobe so that she can vary her outfits. One of these, not yet worn, is a Thaurup brood of bronze ribbon petal roses.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

Willy Toad Learns about Riddles

—He Thought They Were Something to Eat!

By MAX TRELL

KNARF, the shadow-boy with the turned-about name, met his friend Willy Toad hopping out of the Pine Tree Grove. Willy didn't have anywhere in particular to go, so Knarf said, "Willy, do you know any riddles?"

"Who?" said Willy, who didn't have the slightest idea of what a riddle was.

"A riddle," said Knarf, sitting himself down under the shade of a daisy, "isn't anybody. It's a thing."

"Oh yes—of course, of course. Now I remember. It's something you eat for breakfast with maple syrup. Riddle cakes—ah, yes!"

Griddle Cakes

"No, no, no, Willy. You mean griddle cakes. They're got the same as pancakes. They've got nothing to do with riddles."

"Oh," said Willy, quite disappointed. Suddenly his face lighted up again. "How silly. Now I know what a riddle is, Knarf!"

"What is it?"

"It's—it's a musical instrument. You know—Hey diddle diddle. The cat and the riddle. The cow jumped over the moon."

Willy walked to see what Knarf would say. But Knarf only shook his head. "You're wrong again, Willy. The cat played a fiddle, not a riddle."

"I guess I guess I don't happen to remember what a riddle is then," Willy finally admitted.

Knarf explained what a riddle was. "It's a sort of like a puzzle. Somebody asks you the riddle and you have to guess what the answer is."

"It sounds interesting, Knarf. Ask me one."

"All right, Willy. Now listen carefully. This is the riddle. Why is a tree like a dog?"

"No sense." "Huh?" said Willy in astonishment. "There's no sense to that. A tree isn't like a dog at all."

"Do you give up, Willy?" "I give up," said Willy. "Well, why is a tree like a dog?"

"Because," answered Knarf, smiling, "they both have a bark."

"For goodness sake! I never even thought of that. They both have a bark, ha-ha. That's right. So they do. And they both have a bow, too—I mean a bow!"

It was Knarf's turn to look surprised. "Are you sure you never heard that riddle before, Willy?"

"Certainly not. Ask me another one. I think I like riddles."

Knarf thought for a moment. Then he said, "What is long when it's new, short when it's old and always writes letters?"

Willy frowned. "Do you give up?"

"Willy gave up."

"A pencil," said Knarf. It's long when it's new, Willy, short when it's old and it's always writing letters like A-B-C-D and the rest of them."

Hard Riddle. "That was a hard riddle," said Willy. "Say, I've just thought of one. It's something like the pencil riddle, but it's different, too."



8-22

Wool Week

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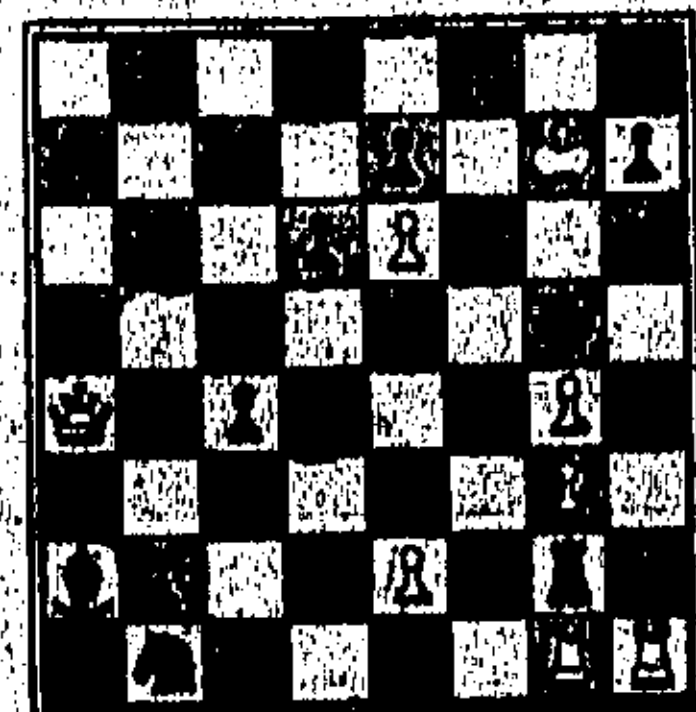
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CHESS PROBLEM

By O. VOITURIA

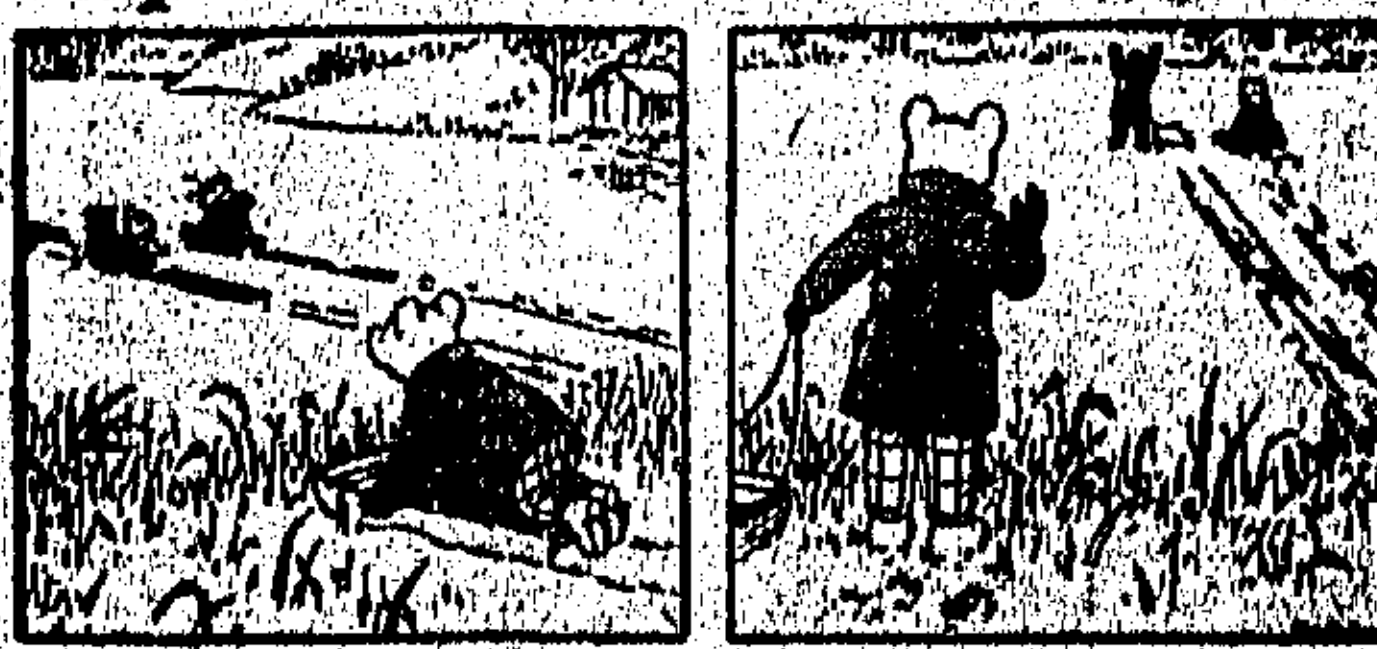
Black, 8 pieces.



White, 8 pieces. Write to play mate in three moves.

Solution to yesterday's problem: 1. Q-c4, 2. Q-f4, 3. Q-f5. Black, 8 pieces.

Rupert and the Ice-flower—13



Rupert takes the lead in the race downhill and as he hears the bark he jumps his sled and is down the slope. "What a better slip at the sled in case the ice is too thin!" he calls. He pulls up in the rickety box. "I'm not able to stop. The sleds have broken!"

CHILDREN! WATCH THIS SPACE TO-MORROW.

THE INTER-VARSITY RUGGER MATCH

The Dark Blues Will Have A New Look

By PETER LOVEGROVE

Oxford, who have provided rugby of the highest standard and won the Inter-Varsity match for the past three seasons, are faced with the major and urgent task of rebuilding in the next five weeks.

The 70th University match takes place on December 11 at Twickenham and eleven of last year's formidable Dark Blues, including six of their seven internationals, have "gone down."

No longer available are match-winner Martin Hofmeyr, the brilliant England centre, Lewis Cannell, the International back-row of the pack, G. C. Rittson-Thomas, Keenul-Carpenter and H. D. Small, and South African hooker W. J. Hefer.

Outside the scrum, where Oxford have been so distinguished, only Bryan Donohoe remains, and their post-war supremacy is seriously threatened.

NO LACK OF TALENT

Not that there is any lack of promising new talent, but it may take time to find the right blend and create the teamwork, confidence and experience which bring success in what almost always is the most tactically and exciting game in our fixture-list.

Certainly the Dark Blues' first outing, when they were outplayed forward and beaten by the moderate Richmond, was anything but an auspicious start.

G. L. Bullard, the Varsity's skipper and second-row forward, has no qualms about the full-back position, which C. J. Saunders has already made his own in a manner reminiscent of other great South African players. This Freshman from Capetown University kicks a beautiful length, is cool under pressure, and showed remarkable speed in scoring two tries in the trials.

Much, of course, will depend on Donohoe in the three-quarter line, and on the understanding he strikes in the centre with I. D. F. Coutts, who was picked for Scotland last winter. The wing positions seem pretty open, with little

real pace having come to notice so far, but the Dark Blues can always rely on the steadiness of T. J. Brewer, who has had one game for Wales, to fill one of the vacancies.

Last season, Oxford only solved their difficult outside-half problem by juring Hofmeyr from his studies at the last minute, and this problem is with them again. The strongest candidates are K. M. Spence, who would have had a Scottish Trial but for injury, and the robust D. G. S. Baker, who has been playing well for Old Merchant Taylors, but P. T. Richards (Old Whitgiftians), L. D. Ashcroft (Harlequins) and P. F. S. Kittermaster, son of a very famous player and a Schoolboy International, are not out of the reckoning through lacking big-match experience.

All the signs are that they will have another very big and strong pack with the usual Dominion contribution. The three Old Blues and Bullard himself, M. Walker, and the South African, C. J. L. Griffiths. From South Africa have arrived J. H. Henderson, captain of Witwatersrand University who has played for Transvaal and was in the running for the Springbok tour, B. R. Bamford, a 16½ stone front row forward from Diocesan College, P. M. B. Hutt, L. W. Byrnes and R. N. Shacknovis. New Zealand may be represented by J. D. North and Australia by H. A. Dunn, of Queensland. Another likely giant is E. A. J. Fergusson, who has captained Rugby, while H. A. Wydel, who has been making a name for himself in London club rugby, is regarded as a near-certainly for the back row.

LIGHT BLUE OUTLOOK

Cambridge, with ten old Blues in residence, have been further heartened by a bright start. They have been successful in their first three games, their victims including Northampton, and already look a better side than last year when they held their Dark Blue opponents for three parts of the game after two early and costly mistakes in defence.

Outside the scrum, they have impressive speed and stride. J. M. Jenkins, the Light Blues skipper, has no reason to be discouraged by the prolonged trial he has given to his two new halves, R. M. Bartlett and T. C. Pearson. The former toured South Africa this summer and not only opens up play well but is a very useful place-kicker, while Freshman Pearson, a Schoolboy International, throws a long and quick pass from the base of the scrum.

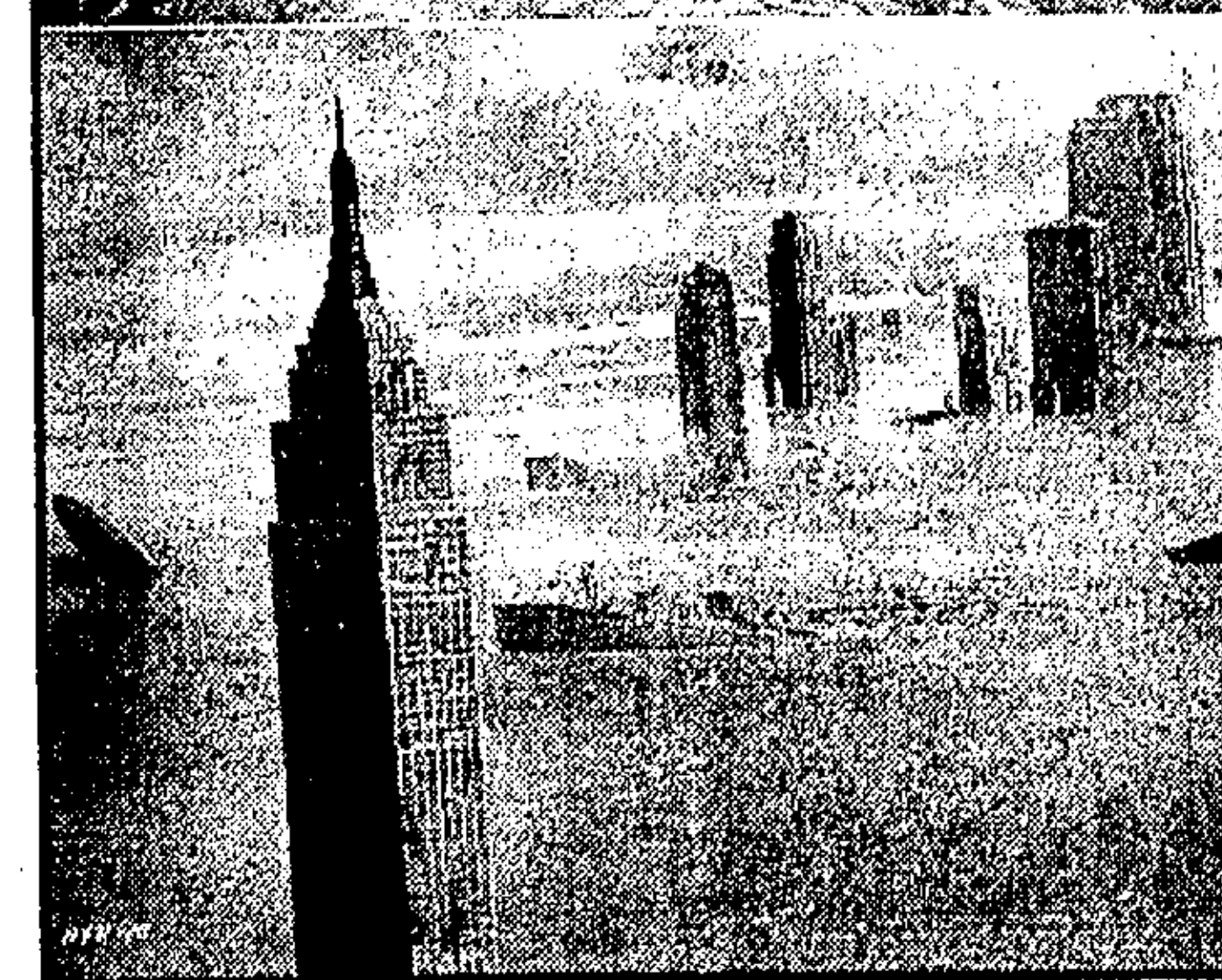
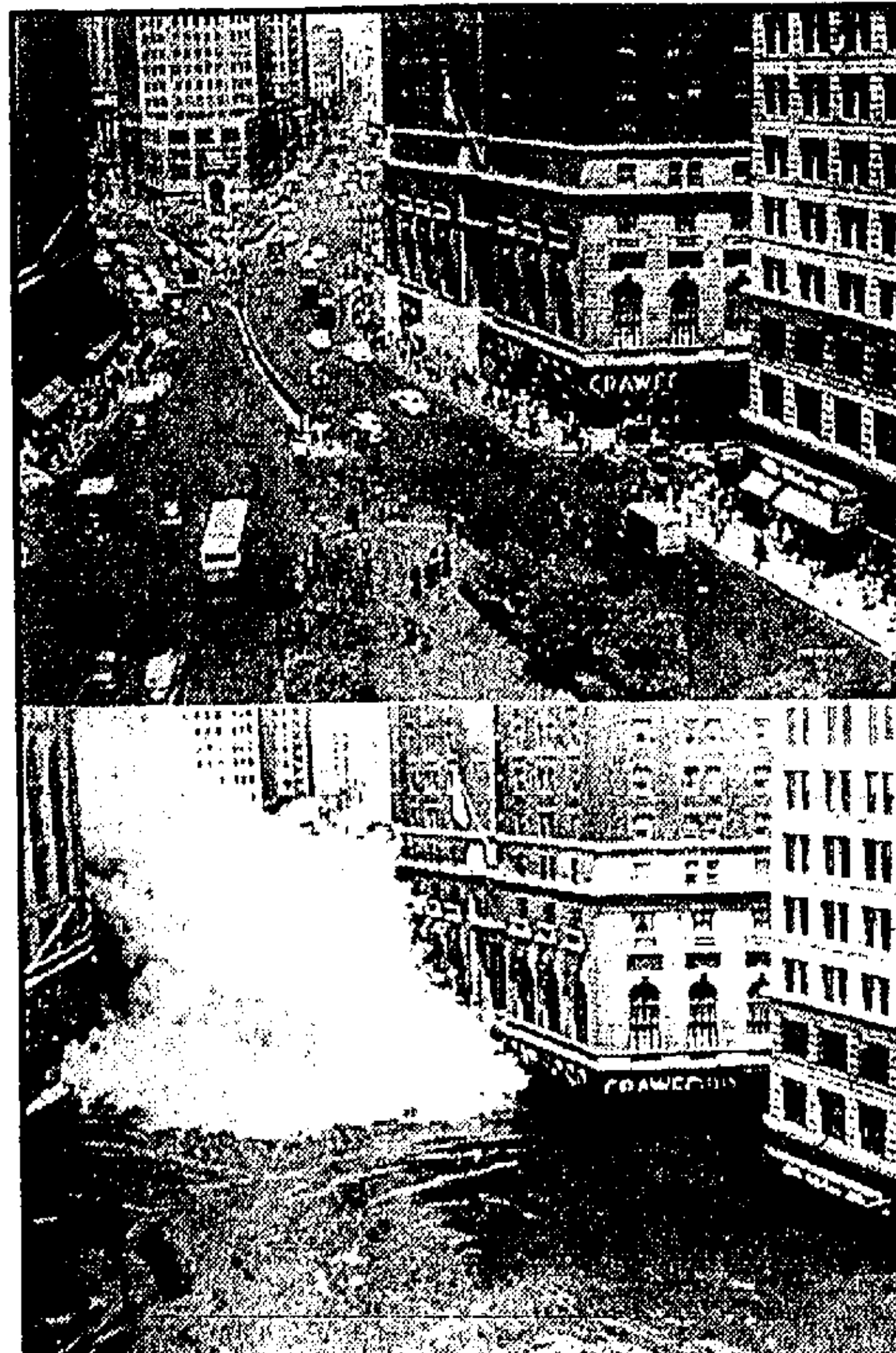
Both Brian Reeve and E. W. Marsden, last year's centres, are available again, but they will have to fight for their places now that K. J. Dalgleish, Scotland's rising star, has arrived at St. Catherine's. Marsden is a most deceptive runner, while the burly Reeve has the dash and weight to carry him through all but the most uncompromising of defences, but his passing has always been unreliable.

There is speed and determination on the wings to pick from I. S. Gloag (a former Army player and old Blue), K. J.'s brother W. S. Dalgleish, R. Heron (London Scottish) and G. Cook, and no problems at full-back, except that of the difficult choice between T. U. Wells and P. M. Davies. Wells, New Zealander and cricket Blue, is soundness itself if a trifle slow, while the slightly-built Davies, son of Glamorgan cricketer Emrys Davies, made a spectacular first appearance at Twickenham for the RAF last winter, and is talked of as a future Welsh full-back.

Strangely enough, although seven of the old Blues are forwards, it is the pack which raises the biggest query. Last year's scrummaging was suspect throughout the season and deteriorated in the vital match when it was most required. However, it may well be strengthened by some useful newcomers, such as F. R. Beringer, the ex-Supper who hooked for the Army, D. M. G. Massey, a Cheshire County forward, R. I. Harrison (Middlesex), and the big Cambridge and Surrey fast bowler, The Light Blues' sternest test comes on November 8, when they meet the Springboks, who play at Oxford a week later. These two games should provide a useful pointer for the great Twickenham clash, Oxford, by the way, have won 22 of these 23 Cambridge's.

THE SCENE IS SET FOR NOAH'S ROCKET

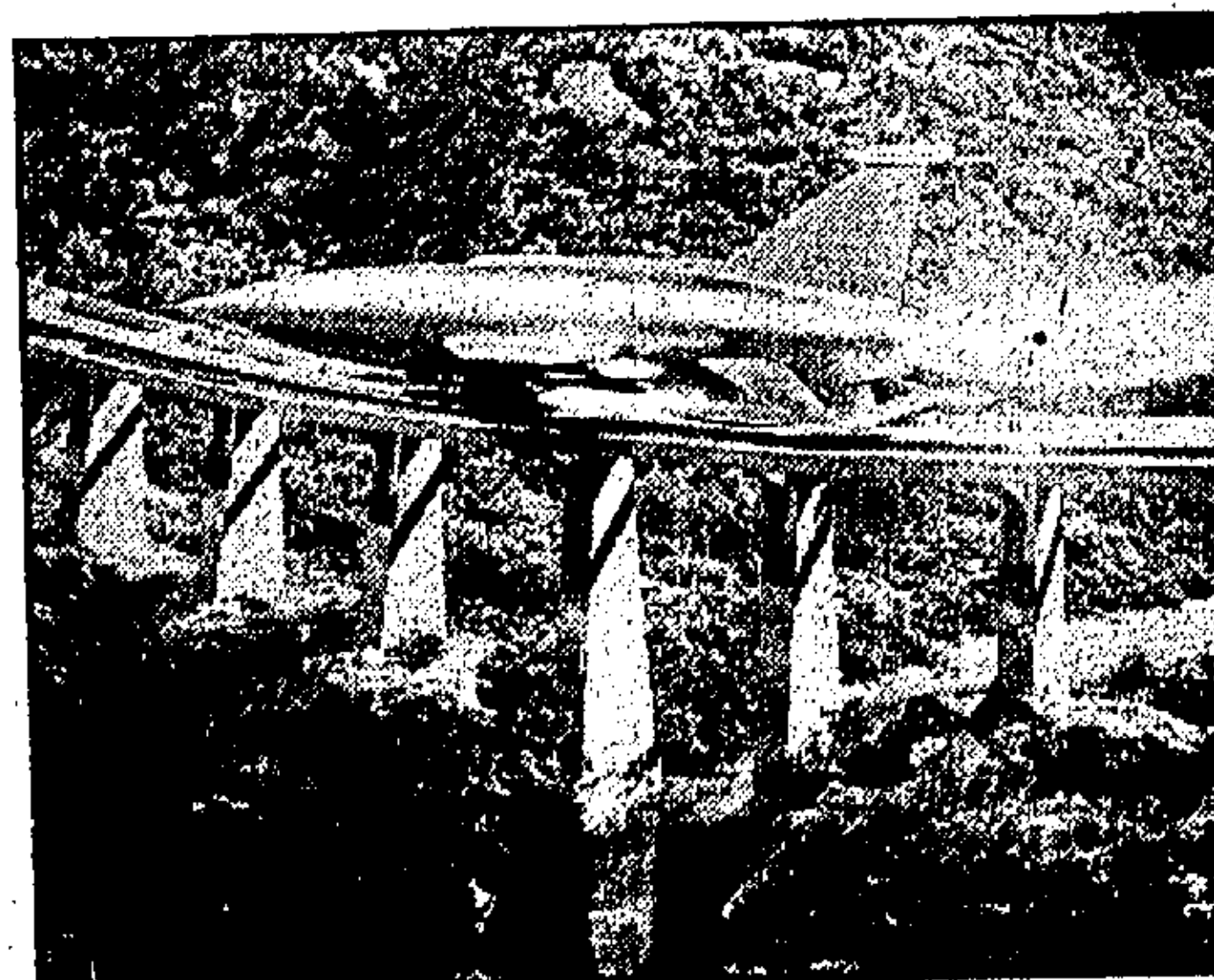
One of the minor cataclysms in "When Worlds Collide," the new George Pal science fiction story, filmed in technicolour, is the complete flooding of New York City.



On a pleasant July afternoon people go about their business in Herald Square, New York, scoffing at the warning of scientists that at 1 p.m. the planet Zyra will pass close to the earth, causing tremendous cataclysms.

Ten minutes later the scientists' findings prove to be true. Following a terrifying earthquake, a gigantic tidal wave bears down on New York and a raging mountain of water dashes into the square.

Within a few minutes only New York's tallest skyscrapers jut out of the sea.



Zyra passes close to the Earth. Coming in another direction is another planet, Bellus, which will crash into it. But the men of science are ready. Their rocket, aimed at Zyra and safety, shoots off.



On board the rocket are a selection of 44 people and the necessary animals.

When The Clockwork Snaps

By SUE DAWSON

When a high-principled and religious man realises that the work to which he has dedicated his life to make the world a better place is being used for an evil purpose, there is bound to be a tremendous reaction.

In the ordinary way, such a man would discuss his views with people and perhaps leave his job. Creating a fuss would save him, for it would act as a safety valve for his surging thoughts.

But what if he was engaged on some secret work? Something which he had sworn to impart to nobody, which he couldn't discuss anyway because no-one would understand the nature of his work. The clockwork inside would be wound up in the same way, but there being no safety valve, something would eventually snap.

Such a case was Professor Willington's. Months of exhaustive work on highly secret Government research connected with a super bomb produced their effect. There came a realisation of the magnitude of this destructive weapon he was helping to create.

One day Scotland Yard received several letters forwarded from Downing Street and, as sometimes happens, they were treated as a hoax. But one was in the writing of the famous Professor and in pursuing this the Yard discovered that he had actually disappeared.

LONDON SITS UP

That made London sit up, for the letter stated that unless the Prime Minister, announced to the world within seven days that Britain would stop production of the weapon, one of those bombs, known as the "U.R.12," would be set off at noon on Sunday and destroy twelve square miles of London.

Police, Government, the Services and, in fact, eight million inhabitants of London join in the search with the Professor's colleagues to trace him—but without success.

Government, in the meantime starts a complete evacuation of London. From the opening of the film, suspense builds up like an avalanche, till finally Sunday noon sees the climax, when the brittle tension, like the Professor's mind earlier on, reaches snapping point.

There are no glittering stars decorating these pavements of London with their exploited names. But no six could have been found who could better have played the half dozen leading parts.

RUFFLED SPARROW

Barry Jones has the look of a ruffled sparrow, and your sympathy is entirely with the rather pathetic wandering professor, who sometimes in his eyes and expression reveals the tenacity of purpose which is driving him on to the awful mission which he feels he must fulfil.

Olive Sloane, who was acknowledged "the toast of the London stage" in the 'twenties, plays "Goldie", an ex-variety artist with a heart of gold.

Cat-crazy Mrs Peckett is Joan Hickson, the Professor's first lady in his flight, and Sheila Mannan, the Irish actress, is Ann, his daughter.

Andre Morell is Superintendent Folland who conducts the chase, and Hugh Cross, Stephen Lane, an assistant of the Professor's and very fond of his daughter Ann.

Surely more people than in almost any other film surge through the scenes in the evacuation of London, when only the Army are left to comb the deserted houses and search-lit streets for the missing man.

Typical of the Cockney core running through the film is a remark made by a soldier after their search of the London zoo. "Everyone out!" says the officer in charge. "All but the sergeant-major in the snake-house. 'Er," says the soldier.

This is the first time "Seven Days to Noob" has come to Hong Kong, although it is by no means a new film. (This is the first appearance of the British Legion's Poppy Day fund is very suitable. No picture could be truer to London, more British, or better than this.

MCC DRAW WITH INDIAN SERVICES

Dehra Dun, United Province, Oct. 30.

The MCC cricket tourists' match with the Indian Services XI ended in a draw here today with the scores level.

There was time for only one over when the MCC, after dismissing the Services for 175 runs, needed five runs for victory. These they were unable to get, mainly because of the wide and high bouncing bowling tactics of Rai Singh (fast medium bowler), which provoked much comment.

Blue Vest Well Backed For The Melbourne Cup

Melbourne.

Blue Vest, beaten half a neck in the £10,000 Caulfield Cup recently, has been heavily backed for the £14,000 Melbourne Cup. On one day alone Blue Vest was backed to win £A20,000.

The Melbourne Cup will be run over two miles at Flemington race course on November 6.

Favourite is still Morse Code, but he just shades Blue Vest, and champion three-year-old and Victoria Derby favourite, Hydrogen.

Also well supported are Basha Felika and Grey Boots, 1951 and 1950 Caulfield Cup winners respectively.

Prince O'Fairies, winner of the Brisbane Cup earlier this year, has slipped in the betting following recent failures, but his big betting owner, Mr. O. H. Porter, has the horse coupled with Caulfield Cup winner, Basha Felika, to win £A130,000 on the Cup's double.

Hydrogen is six times more popular than the second Victoria Derby fancy, Great Gilbert. Next most favoured is Australian Jockey Club Derby winner, Channel Rise.

The Victoria Derby will be run over 12 furlongs on November 3.

Order of favourites for the Melbourne Cup on November 6 is:

Morse Code
Blue Vest, Hydrogen
Basha Felika, Grey Boots.
Akbar
Aristocrat
Prince O'Fairies, Free Kiek
Double Blank, Midway, Jan
Great World, Durham
Delta, Skystreamer
Alershot, Channel Rise.
Reuter.

YMCA TEAM

The following will represent the European YMCA in their Hockey League match against the Dutch HC at Soekunpo No. 2 ground on Sunday, July 15 at 10 a.m.:
J. Taylor; Bushnell, Drake; B. Inglis, Frater, Arundell; M. R. Taylor, A. Inglis, Caldecott, Mann, Long.

TODAY'S SPORT

CRICKET
Army Inter-Unit League. — 1st Bn. M.C. v. 1st Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 2nd Bn. M.C. v. 2nd Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 3rd Bn. M.C. v. 3rd Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 4th Bn. M.C. v. 4th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 5th Bn. M.C. v. 5th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 6th Bn. M.C. v. 6th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 7th Bn. M.C. v. 7th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 8th Bn. M.C. v. 8th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 9th Bn. M.C. v. 9th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 10th Bn. M.C. v. 10th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 11th Bn. M.C. v. 11th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 12th Bn. M.C. v. 12th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 13th Bn. M.C. v. 13th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 14th Bn. M.C. v. 14th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 15th Bn. M.C. v. 15th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 16th Bn. M.C. v. 16th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 17th Bn. M.C. v. 17th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 18th Bn. M.C. v. 18th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 19th Bn. M.C. v. 19th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 20th Bn. M.C. v. 20th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 21st Bn. M.C. v. 21st Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 22nd Bn. M.C. v. 22nd Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 23rd Bn. M.C. v. 23rd Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 24th Bn. M.C. v. 24th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 25th Bn. M.C. v. 25th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 26th Bn. M.C. v. 26th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 27th Bn. M.C. v. 27th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 28th Bn. M.C. v. 28th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 29th Bn. M.C. v. 29th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 30th Bn. M.C. v. 30th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 31st Bn. M.C. v. 31st Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 32nd Bn. M.C. v. 32nd Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 33rd Bn. M.C. v. 33rd Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 34th Bn. M.C. v. 34th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 35th Bn. M.C. v. 35th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 36th Bn. M.C. v. 36th Bn. 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Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 91st Bn. M.C. v. 91st Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 92nd Bn. M.C. v. 92nd Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 93rd Bn. M.C. v. 93rd Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 94th Bn. M.C. v. 94th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 95th Bn. M.C. v. 95th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 96th Bn. M.C. v. 96th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 97th Bn. M.C. v. 97th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 98th Bn. M.C. v. 98th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 99th Bn. M.C. v. 99th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace). — 100th Bn. M.C. v. 100th Bn. Buffs (Buckingham Palace).

U.S. Davis Cup Team Selected

Palm Spring, Oct. 29.

Frank Shields, non-playing captain of the United States Davis Cup team, said today he was confident now he had the "best tennis team in America."

He said: "Getting Ted Schroeder on the team has boosted everyone's morale immensely. I am very happy he is able to join us."

After a lot of changes the team finally has shaken down to the following five-man combination:—Dick Savitt, Tony Trabert, Vic Seixas, Hamilton Richardson and Schroeder.

Jack Kramer, former national singles champion who turned professional, has taken on the job of coaching. Also helping out are a trio of other former Davis Cuppers, Don Budge, Frankie Parker and Gene Mako. —United Press.

Wool Week
AT WHITEAWAYS

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"CRAFTANA" All Wool Ankle Socks in Six Smart Shades.
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WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO. LTD.

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Helps Children Grow
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To build strength, to help youngsters grow tall and straight—filled with the energy and stamina they must have for active living, there's no finer nourishment than Quaker Oats.

Serve Quaker Oats every day for **GOOD HEALTH** for your whole family!

QUAKER
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WHITE OATS

1-2-3 IT'S READY TO EAT!

Boil 2 cups of water. Add salt. When boiling add 1 cup of Quaker Oats. Cook 5 minutes, stirring for 2½ minutes. That's all!

Look! More Nourishment at Low Cost!

MORE ENERGY.....with Quaker Oats carbohydrates
MORE STRENGTH.....with Quaker Oats proteins
MORE STAMINA.....with Quaker Oats Thiamin (Vitamin B1)
MORE ENJOYMENT.....with that delicious flavor!



CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO

SHIP	Destination	Time	Date
"SHANGHAI"	Singapore, Penang & Hong Kong	10 a.m.	31st Oct
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	2nd Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	5 p.m.	2nd Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	5 p.m.	3rd Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	9th Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	5 p.m.	9th Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	5 p.m.	10th Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	5 p.m.	14th Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	5 p.m.	16th Nov

ARRIVALS FROM

SHIP	From	Time	Date
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	7 a.m.	2nd Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	4 5th Nov	
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	5 6th Nov	
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	8th Nov	
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10th Nov	
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	12th Nov	

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD. JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO

SHIP	Destination	Time	Date
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	31st Oct
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	2nd Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	9th Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	16th Nov

ARRIVALS FROM

SHIP	From	Time	Date
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	31st Oct
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	2nd Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	9th Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	16th Nov

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said

SHIP	Destination	Time	Date
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	31st Oct
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	2nd Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	9th Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	16th Nov

Scheduled sailings from Europe

SHIP	From	Time	Date
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	31st Oct
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	2nd Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	9th Nov
"HONGKONG"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	16th Nov

1. Loading Glasgow before Liverpool
2. Loading Swansea before Liverpool
Carries option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING via MANILA FROM

U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS

"DONA NATI" 1st Nov. Buoy A.1.

"BATAAN" 13th Dec.

Lathay Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route	Departs Hong Kong	Arrives U.K. (on return)
HK (London) (Singapore)	10 a.m. 31st Oct	10 a.m. 2nd Nov
HK (London) (Singapore)	10 a.m. 31st Oct	10 a.m. 2nd Nov
HK (London) (Singapore)	10 a.m. 31st Oct	10 a.m. 2nd Nov

All the above subject to alteration without notice.

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BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25875. 32144. 24878.



ARRIVALS

SHIP	FROM	DUE
"BENALBANACH"	U.K. via Singapore	In Port
"BENCROACHAN"	U.K. via B.N.B.	4th Nov.
"BENDORAN"	U.K. via Singapore	8th Nov.
"BENCLEUCH"	U.K. via Singapore	21st Nov.
"BENVIVIS"	do	24th Nov.
"BENVORLICH"	do	19th Dec.
"BENLOMOND"	U.K. via B.N.B.	23rd Dec.

SAILINGS

SHIP	Destination	Time	Date
"BENALBANACH"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	31st Oct
"BENCROACHAN"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	2nd Nov
"BENDORAN"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	9th Nov
"BENCLEUCH"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	16th Nov
"BENVIVIS"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	23rd Nov
"BENVORLICH"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	30th Nov
"BENLOMOND"	Hong Kong	10 a.m.	7th Dec.

Via Singapore, Port Swettenham, Port Sudan & Port Said.
* Calls Tawau & Sandakan.
* Calls Cebu, Tawau & Sandakan.
* Calls Manila, Tawau, Sandakan & Jesselton.

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Business communications and

advertisements to the Secretary.

Telephone: 2611 (5 Lines).

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Salesbury Road.

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of 50 cents is charged.

BIRTHS

WATSON, To Thelma, wife of B.A.L.

Watson, on October 31, 1951, at

the French Hospital, a daughter,

Rowena Mary.

FOR SALE

WEIGHTS AND MEASUREMENTS

of cargo exported from Hong-

Kong and South China, compiled by

the S. C. M. Post.

CHIVALRY ANTIQUE SCRIPT. An

attractive stationery of distinction

in boxes of forty by sheets and

forty envelopes or eighty single

sheets and forty envelopes, 60 per

box. On sale at "S. C. M. Post."

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cils, 110 and 130 per gross, 50

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"S. C. M. Post."

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Duty-Free Goods, 10 cents each at

"S. C. M. Post."

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, 24th October, 1951.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

HARBOUR-WAREHOUSE LINE

M.S. "TUNOIR"

are hereby notified that their cargo

is being discharged into the Hong-

Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown

Co's godown where it will be at

consignees risk and subject to the

Wharf's terms and condition of

storage, and where delivery may be

obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left

in the godown for examination by

consignees and the Company's sur-

veyors, Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke

at 10 a.m. on the 31st October, 1951.

To comply with the General

Bonded Warehouse Regulations, con-

signees must have a Revenue Officer

in attendance when damaged duti-

able goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after

the goods have left the steamer's

godown, and all goods remaining

undelivered after the 31st Novem-

ber, 1951, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer

must be presented to the Under-

signed on or before the 18th Novem-

ber, 1951, or they will not be re-

considered.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, 25th October, 1951.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

STATES STEAMSHIP COMPANY

S.S. "CALIFORNIA"

are hereby notified that their cargo

is being discharged into the Hong-

Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown

Co's godown where it will be at

consignees risk and subject to the

Wharf's terms and condition of

storage, and where delivery may be

obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left

in the godown for examination by

consignees and the Company's sur-

veyors, Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke

at 10 a.m. on the 30th October, 1951.

To comply with the General

Bonded Warehouse Regulations, con-

signees must have a Revenue Officer

in attendance when damaged duti-

able goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after

the goods have left the steamer's

godown, and all goods remaining

undelivered after the 31st October,

1951, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer

must be presented to the Under-

signed on or before the 7th Novem-

ber, 1951, or they will not be re-

considered.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, 24th October, 1951.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

"BENALBANACH"

are hereby notified that their cargo

is being discharged into the Hong-

Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown

Co's godown where it will be at

consignees risk and subject to the

Wharf's terms and condition of

storage, and where delivery may be

obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left

in the godown for examination by

consignees and the Company's sur-

veyors, Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke

at 10 a.m. on the 2nd November,

1951.

To comply with the General

Bonded Warehouse Regulations, con-

signees must have a Revenue Officer

in attendance when damaged duti-

able goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after

the goods have left the steamer's

godown, and all goods remaining

undelivered after the 4th Novem-

ber, 1951, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer

must be presented to the Under-

signed on or before the 18th Novem-

ber, 1951, or they will not be re-

considered.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

W. R. LOXLEY & CO.,

(CHINA) LTD.

Agents.

Ben Line Steamers, Ltd.

Hongkong, 29th October, 1951.

PETER MOK

HIM YICK HONG

MACAO

MANUFACTURERS'

REPRESENTATIVE

Agent for

AUSTIN CARS

S.S. TAK SHING

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Agencies invited

War Orphans

To Be Told

The Truth

London, Oct. 30.

Nine war orphans have lived a

luxury life for ten years,

but now the woman they call

"Mother" is an orphan.

Miss Dorothy Keen, who

lived in 1941 at the height of the

London blitz, she gave each of

her own children a name and

her own surname, Keen. They

have grown up believing they are

brothers and sisters.

Miss Keen, of Greenbridge,

Sussex, revealed that she has

decided to tell her adopted chil-

dren the story of their birth.

She is writing a book which

will reveal how she came to

rescue them and why. The book,

entitled "Pudding," will also de-

scribe Miss Keen's work as a

nurse. It will be published in

next year.

Since they moved to Green-

bridge from a big house in East-

London, the children, who are

the youngest, nine, have lived a

life of luxury in a mansion sit-

ting in a 250-acre estate.

The four boys attend prepar-

atory school near London, but

going to a public school. The five

girls are educated at East Grin-

stead.

In the stable five ponies are

kept for the children's riding,

their favourite hobby.

He Was The

Last But One

London, Oct. 30.

William Mayes Bond, it ap-

peared, was the last of his line.

He had no known heir.

So he made his will leaving

his hotel at Copdock, near

Ipswich, and other property, to

his secretary, Cyril Parmeter

Herring. And he asked one

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES



Arriving	Leaving	Outward For
"LES GLIERES" Nov. 6	Nov. 10	Indo-China
"DOCTEUR YERSIN" Nov. 10	Nov. 17	Marseilles
"FELIX ROUSSEL" Dec. 6	Dec. 7	Home-ward For
"LA MARSEILLAISE" Nov. 3	Nov. 3	Manila, Saigon & Siam
"MONRAY" Nov. 3	Nov. 30	S. Africa & Europe
"RASTIA" Nov. 3	Dec. 23	S. Africa & Europe

* passengers & freight
† freight for Saigon, Port Said, Tunis, Algiers, Oran, Tangier, Casablanca, Havre, Dunkirk, Antwerp & Rotterdam.

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MANILA, SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, DJIBOUTI and PORT SAID

Saturday, the 3rd of November at 9 P.M.

Passengers are requested to board the vessel with their cabin baggage on Saturday the 3rd of November between 5 P.M. and 7 P.M.

Baggage Room and Hold luggage will be registered at Kowloon Godown No. 50 (No. 2 Gate, Canton Road entrance) on Friday the 2nd of November from 9 A.M. to 4 P.M. and on Saturday 3rd of November from 9 A.M. to NOON. No baggage will be accepted for registration after this time.

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American Rubber Stockpile Said To Be "Safe"

Washington, Oct. 30.

The President of the U.S. Rubber Company is convinced the United States has a "safe" rubber stockpile.

"I believe we could face a five-year war even with our Far Eastern supply entirely shut off," H. E. Humphreys, Jr. told the National Association of Independent Tyre Dealers.

Last month the Senate Preparedness Sub-Committee charged that private business groups kept the U.S. from stockpiling more than 20 per cent of its natural rubber goal during the year ending last June.

But Mr. Humphreys said: "What is needed is to let the world know this country definitely has more rubber available to it than it can consume and that the excess is more than sufficient to build up the stockpile at a reasonable rate."

Mr. Humphreys charged that the uncertainty of future Government purchases of natural rubber for addition to the stockpile is an artificial condition holding up the price of natural rubber.

Rubber available next year, both natural and synthetic will exceed consumption by more than a quarter of a million tons, Mr. Humphreys said, adding that more rubber will be available for civilian goods than in 1951.

He called on the Government to get out of the rubber business, to turn over the synthetic rubber programme to private industry and permit rubber buying in the open market. If this were done, he predicted, the price of natural rubber could be expected to drop from around 50 cents to 15 to 20 cents a pound.

The Government now controls the purchase and sale of rubber, military and defence needs, including the stockpile, get top priority.

Actual stockpile figures are secret. Six weeks ago, a Government official said the stockpile goal was "not too distant, assuming normal market conditions."

TYRE PRICES
Seattle, Oct. 30.
A Firestone Tyre Company official predicts that tyre prices should edge downward after the Government quits stockpiling rubber next year.

When the Government began stockpiling, after the Korean war started, the price of natural rubber rose on the world market from 20 cents a

World Cotton Position

Washington, Oct. 30.

The Agriculture Department reported that world cotton stocks on July 31 were estimated at 11,000,000 bales, or 40 per cent less than the 16,600,000 bales a year earlier.

At the same time, the Department also reported that total cotton exports in 1950-51 totalled 12,000,000 bales and 12,600,000 bales had been exported in 1949-50.

It attributed the decrease in exports to the world shortage of available supplies and the resulting high prices rather than to the lack of effective demand for imports.

The Department added, "Both the exporting and importing countries are expected to engage in some rebuilding of stocks during the current season. Although world production in 1951-52 is expected to reach 35,300,000 bales, and consumption is expected to be less than the 32,800,000 bales consumed in 1950-51, stocks will still be well below normal at the end of the current season."

In forecasting future world trade in cotton, the Department said, "with a build-up of stockpiles in about half of the importing countries, and the world cotton prices reduced to the 1949-50 level, it appears that under present conditions the world export trade in cotton could exceed the total of 12,000,000 bales exported in 1950-51 and might exceed the total of 12,600,000 bales in 1949-50."

United Press.

Selling Wave Continues In London

London, Oct. 30.

A general belief that the new Churchill Government will make a strong attempt to curb inflation led to widespread selling for the second day in a row on the London Stock Exchange today.

British Government bonds were one of the weakest sections, closing with losses up to 1/2 of a point.

Domestic industrial stocks lost up to 1/8d.

The Financial Times' daily index of stocks was 135.1, off 1.5—Associated Press.

NEW YORK MARKET

New York, Oct. 30.

The stock market closed with prices thoroughly mixed today after persistent selling shaved down earlier gains. Right at the close of trading scattered buying firmed the list.

Gains and losses ran more than two points in either direction in active areas.

Trading came to an estimated 1,600,000 shares.

The market started higher in what appeared to be an expiration of Monday's late rally that put the market ahead fairly.

Buying came into all divisions, especially rails, steels, non-ferrous metals, oils, and chemicals.

Later, however, rails started backing down with pressure heavier on Santa Fe. Steels joined in with US Steel leading the slightly lower trend of that section.

At the same time minus signs appeared all through the list to balance the remaining upside stocks in the final hours.

Standard Oil (N.J.) held doggedly to a small gain after directors declared a 75-cent extra and a 75-cent regular dividend as compared with the previous payment of a 75-cent regular and a 25-cent extra.

Curb stocks were higher, some with considerable strength, including Molybdenum, Kirby Petroleum, Producers Corp., Calgary and Edmonton, Creole Petroleum, and Imperial Oil.

Dow Jones Averages: 280.52
Railroads 79.50
Utilities 45.41
—Associated Press.

Steel Price Warning

New York, Oct. 30.

Irving S. Olds, chairman of US steel Corporation, said today that the giant steel-making concern will seek a price increase if its workers are granted higher wages.

The chairman of the nation's Number One steel producer made it plain that notice has not yet been received from the Steel Workers Union concerning negotiations for a new wage contract. Under the present contract the Union may give notice 60 days before the expiration date, which is next December 31.

"If there is any increase in wage rates, the Corporation must seek a price increase to offset the highest cost of operation," Mr. Olds told newsmen.

—Associated Press.

Dispute Over Ceiling Of Raw Wool

Washington, Oct. 30.

A tug of war appears to be building up with the Office of Price Stabilisation on the issue of rolling back ceiling prices on raw wool.

Top officials of the Price Control Agency generally favour a rollback while those at lower levels oppose such action.

The O.P.S. has been considering the possibility for some time because the ceiling price of raw wool have been under the ceiling ever since they were set in May by the O.P.S.

The Agency could not lower the ceilings to the market levels because the new Control Act forbids rollbacks on agricultural commodities below 90 per cent of the May 19 selling prices.

The ceilings of \$3.48 per pound for 64 warp — a type used in better grades of worsteds — from Australia could be pared down to around 2.90. It is now selling for \$2.35 to 2.45 a pound.

The selling price down to \$1.60 per pound on September 24, jumped to \$3 on October 9 and divided to \$1.97 within a week.

The O.P.S. set the ceilings at the high level in May because of the import situation.

After the Korean War, the price of raw wool spiralled upward, reaching a peak in March.

FEAR OF SHORTAGE
The O.P.S. was afraid to set the ceiling at the lower level for the fear of cutting off imports and causing a shortage in the United States. But with such a big decline in the selling prices, the top officials of the Agency now want to lower the ceilings to "more realistic" levels and help to hold the present general price level.

But representatives of the wool and worsted manufacturing industry, called in this past week to talk about the reduction, said this might cause the market price to go up. They said foreign wool sellers might get the idea that the new price was a "fair price" in the United States and put their prices up to those levels.

Some O.P.S. officials are inclined to agree with this but officials favouring a reduction claim that this does not make sense.

Domestic wool producers also voice strong opposition, saying that any reduction in the ceilings would have the "psychological" effect of reducing domestic production when it should be expanding to meet mobilisation needs. They said sheep raisers would slaughter more animals instead of keeping them for breeding for wool output.

Some O.P.S. officials are worried about this threat — United Press.

PRODUCTION UP

Washington, Oct. 30.

The Agriculture Department reported that wool production in Iran and Uruguay is increasing.

It said that total production of shorn and pulled wool in Iran in 1951 is now set at about 35,000,000 pounds, on a grease basis, or about 3,000,000 pounds greater than the 1950 output. It quoted estimates that there was about 6,500,000 pounds available for export on October 1.

The Department said the Uruguayan wool clip for the season beginning this month is now estimated at about 195,000,000 pounds, compared with about 180,000,000 pounds in the 1950-51 season.

The Department said, "The carryover from the previous season of about 15,000,000 pounds will take care of domestic consumption."

It also reported that the British Ministry of Materials plans to acquire up to 40,000,000 pounds (clean) of raw wool in the 1951-52 wool selling season.

In accordance with the general policy of stockpiling important raw materials, it said, these purchases will be made evenly throughout the season and spread widely within the sterling area.

It added, "It is expected that in view of the relative smallness of the quantities involved, and the range of spread over grades, types, etc., these purchases will not cause any disturbance to the market."

MELBOURNE SALES

Melbourne, Oct. 30.

Wool prices remained firm on Monday's levels when the Melbourne sales were continued today.

Principal demand came from Continental buyers, with Japanese buyers opening freely. Top Merino, price was 180 pence a pound — Associated Press.

BUSINESS SLOW
Bradford, Oct. 30.
Consumer resistance caused by soaring wool prices in recent months has already cost the wool textile industry a substantial part of its normal business for this season.

Now it is generally acknowledged that orders are much

U.S. Reliance On Foreign Materials

New York, Oct. 30.

The Government's chief buying agent said today that the United States must rely on foreign sources for a large part of its strategic materials requirements for years or even decades to come.

Jes. Larson, administrator of the Defence Materials Procurement Agency, told the National Foreign Trade Council that a long-range foreign materials buying programme is essential for the country's military and civilian needs — United Press.

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

The half day's business on the Hongkong Stock Exchange totalled \$608,074.50. Business continued during the morning and noon closing prices were:

SHARES BUYERS SELLERS BANKS
HS Bank 1500 1610 40 @ 1600
East Asia 125 150 @ 125

INSURANCES
Union 77 1/2 10 @ 77 1/2
Underwriters 5 3/4 1000 @ 6
HS Fire 140

DOCKS, ETC.
K. Wharf 105 107 1/2 207 @ 106
N. P. Wharf 6 50 7 100 @ 6 50
Duck 10 70

Wirelock 13 80 14 10 3750 @ 14
Provident 37 1/2 100 @ 36 1/2
LAND, ETC.
HK Hotel 6 6 40 200 @ 6 1/4
HK Land 33 1/2 54 500 @ 54
Shui Land 1 1/2 100

UTILITIES
Tram 17 1/2 17 1/2 2000 @ 17 1/2
Peak Tram 22 1/2
Peak Tram 11
Star Ferry 112
C. Light (O) 9 50 1400 @ 9 50
C. Light (N) 6 40 6 50 300 @ 6 1/2
C. Light (B) 9 40 9 50 1000 @ 9 50

Electric (B) 23 1/2 24 550 @ 23 1/2
Macao Electric 12 1/2
Telephone 15 15 1/2

INDUSTRIALS
Cement 15 1/2 15 1/2 200 @ 15 1/2
1000 @ 15 1/2
4000 @ 15 1/2
Dairy 18 1/2 18 1/2 5000 @ 18 1/2
Watson 24 20 1/2 1500 @ 24
600 @ 25 1/2

STORES, ETC.
L. Crawford 29 1/2
COTTONS
Ewo 4 30 500 @ 4 30

World Bank Net Profits Up

Washington, Oct. 30.

The World Bank reports a net profit of \$4,261,872 in the three months ended September 30. This compares with \$3,744,733 net income in the similar period last year.

Net profits go into a General Reserve against losses on loans and loan guarantees. This reserve now totals \$46,417,089.

Associated Press.

Cotton Textile Market

New York, Oct. 30.

The cotton textile market was quiet today despite a sharp upturn in cotton futures.

Prices displayed a staid undercurrent but dealers said that buyers showed no inclination to be stampeded into making commitments by rising cotton costs.

Rayon goods were slow — Associated Press.

BOND MARKET

New York, Oct. 30.

Late selling caused early gains and left the corporate bond market irregularly lower today. Activity was moderate and sales of most issues were relatively small. United States Government loans of longer maturities met some demand in the last hour and turned in small gains.

Japanese bonds were mixed on small sales in the foreign dollar section — Associated Press.

GOVT. ASSURANCE

Washington, Oct. 30.

Senator Allen Ellender, Chairman of the Senate Agriculture Committee, said today that the Agriculture Department had assured him that it is considering steps to bolster rice prices. He had protested to the Department about the recent drop in the price of raw sugar — United Press.

Airline's Profits

New York, Oct. 30.

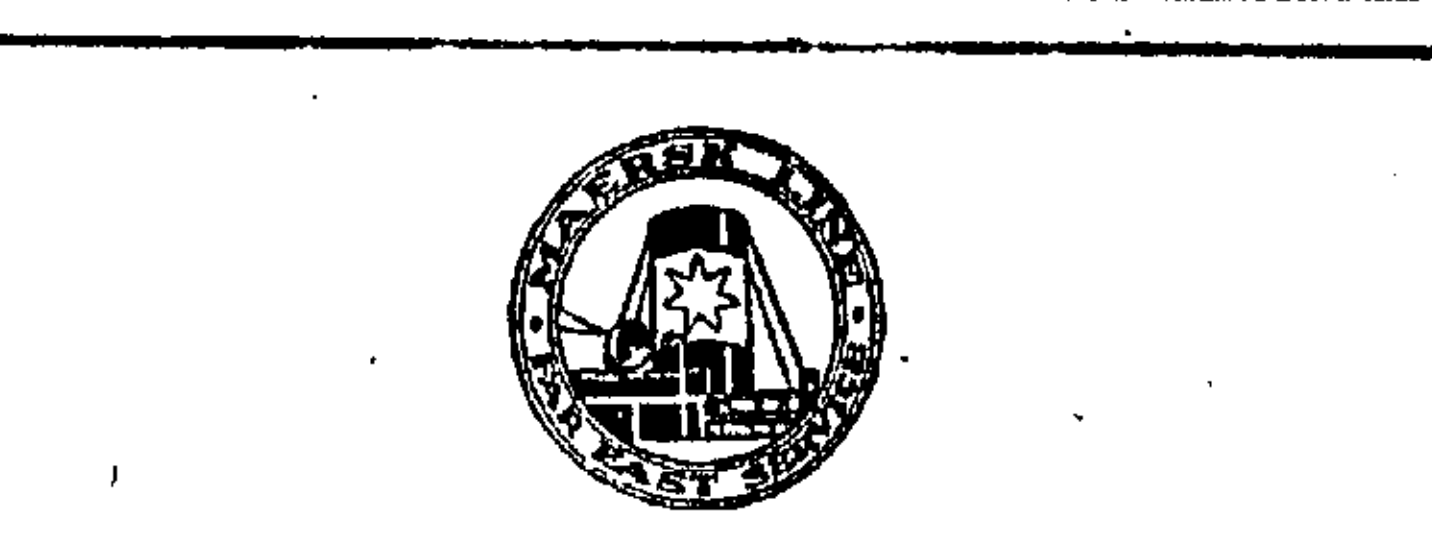
United Air Lines today reported net profit of \$6,749,612 for the nine months this year ending September 30. This was the first time since 1946 that the company has a net profit of \$4,174,920, or \$1.37 a share for the similar period in 1950 — Associated Press.



Date	Ship	From
In Port	"TEGELBERG"	Japan
In Port	"TITJALENGKA"	Macassar, Java Ports & Singapore
In Port	"STRAAT MALAKKA"	S. America, Africa & Singapore
4th Nov.	"STRAAT MALAKKA"	Japan
7th Nov.	"VAN HEUTS"	Penang, Belawan Deli & Singapore
14th Nov.	"TASMAN"	Japan
15th Nov.	"TIJWANGI"	Macassar, Java Ports & Singapore
20th Nov.	"STRAAT MALAKKA"	Japan
5th Dec.	"TEGELBERG"	Japan

Date	Ship	From
2nd Nov.	"STRAAT MALAKKA"	Japan Ports
3rd Nov.	"TITJALENGKA"	Singapore, Java Ports & Macassar
6th Nov.	"STRAAT MALAKKA"	Manila, Singapore, E. & S. Africa & S. America
8th Nov.	"VAN HEUTS"	Japan Ports
16th Nov.	"TASMAN"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan Deli
18th Nov.	"TEGELBERG"	Japan Ports
20th Nov.	"TIJWANGI"	Singapore, Java Ports & Macassar
22nd Nov.	"STRAAT MALAKKA"	Manila, Singapore, E. & S. Africa
7th Dec.	"TEGELBERG"	Singapore, Africa & S. America

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"J. L. LUCKENBACH" San Francisco Nov. 15 Nov. 16 Singapore & Djakarta

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Sue Dawson continues today her series of stories describing how people are being treated in the mainland of China today under Communist rule, and of the problems and perplexities which confront Chinese refugees from their "liberated" country after they have reached the sanctuary of Hongkong.

The article below tells you about

Tam And Peter

Tam arrived on that hot Saturday afternoon too. She was dressed — very neatly — in black pongee, and carried a smallish basket.

She smiled gayly, and this transformed the rather strained expression of her face as she turned to answer a question. She explained that she was a teacher whose husband had been killed a few months back with the Red Army in Korea. What was her plan in coming to Hongkong? To seek shelter from the "Liberators" who had forced her to give up her home, and to earn enough to keep her small son who was still in China, living with friends, who although they were kind, hadn't enough food or money themselves. Her hopes were tremendous, and her confidence in "Hongkong" rather pathetic. She looked terribly thin.

Tam did not work — as a wash woman, but very soon she was in the kitchen, and she had suffered in China showed up in a weakened health. First came just a slight, persistent cough, then one day she felt the blood rushing from her lungs.

Gone was her job, but luckily the local clinic managed to get her to the Sanatorium. After many months, good food and plenty of rest produced results, but by then the Sanatorium had decided Tam's case was a chronic one, there was nothing more they could do for her. Pressing cases arose every day, and the beds were few. So her stay ended officially when she was just able to walk again.

GOOD SAMARITAN
It was then that a Good Samaritan offered Tam a space in an already overpacked porch, but when it rained, she stayed out on the dilapidated outside. In day we hear she crept inside to sleep, commiserating both her own and her children in the badly ventilated corner. Being completely without means, poor Tam soon lost all that she had gained through her stay in the Sanatorium.

But the Samaritan could not re-admit her. Tam was taken by ambulance to a public charity hospital, where she found some sixty women, all in the last stages of TB, herded together in a space about twelve by forty feet. Now the only space in this overcrowded ward was one vacancy under a bed. Wearily and past caring, Tam crawled to her new home for after all, it is better to be under a bed than in a gutter.

STORY OF PETER
Peter was a plump little fellow of twelve, with a serious expression, a quiet and very controlled sort of manner and an occasional and charming smile. He couldn't speak a word of Cantonese. His mother had been in the Home, and his mother had managed to get a pass for Canton and Macao quite easily, but one for Hongkong was impossible. So it was not for some weeks that the whole story of Peter came out.

As long as seven years ago, the Communists were active in parts of China, starting to round up anyone whom they thought might be dangerous when the time was ripe to make a bid for the country. Peter and his family lived on the outskirts of a large Northern city where his father was a clever official in the Nationalist Government. By some intricate scheme, the Reds had him imprisoned. Later, his family heard that he had been killed. That left Peter's mother with no income on which to support the family.

She had two older sons, but they were useless, for one was away training with the nucleus of today's Red army, and the other was a complete good-for-nothing who was far better at spending money than making it. Being a Nationalist, he was later imprisoned and has just been released.

So their father's death meant that Peter's elder sister Lisa who was very young at the time and still at school, had to leave and earn the daily bread for her mother, Peter and their little sister. She did some sort of work for the Nationalist Air Force, but the Catholics when they discovered this were not at all happy. Lisa had been brilliant at school, but if she was forced to continue with her present life, all that would go to seed. So they arranged for

her to study for a scholarship to the University of Manila, and meanwhile helped to support the family. Lisa won her scholarship into the Faculty of Medicine, which means a great deal of concentrated work. But in every spare moment she coaches other students and teaches English to that she can send money home to her family.

LISA'S SUGGESTION
Then Lisa wrote to her mother, suggesting that Peter ought to leave Red China if he was ever to learn anything but Communist propaganda, and go to Hongkong where she had some friends who might help him. Little sister should really go too, but Mamma couldn't bear to part with them both, and anyway, she was still very young. During the weeks when Peter's pass to Macao was coming through, life was getting dangerous, for Little sister had taken to saying "I'll tell them you're going to Hongkong when in a fit of temper."

So it was Peter, with one gold ring, a little money and a small bag left one early morning to find his way to Macao.

It takes some days to come from the North, and by the time the journey was over, his money had all gone on food.

Luckily though, he is a friendly sort of chap, and had got talking to some people on the train. They were going to Macao too, and asked that he should be their guest at an hotel there. This was fine, but wouldn't get an identification, and Peter had to go to Hongkong. He eventually arrived.

But his life from then on was to be just as varied. For a few days he stayed with Lisa's friends, then the Catholic Fathers took him over and he spent some time in two or three different households before being shipped back to Macao to attend an industrial school for orphans.

NOT A SUCCESS
This was supposed to fill in the time during which the Fathers were trying to get him fixed up in a Hongkong school. But it was not a success.

The other children called him "Red", and laughed at him because he couldn't speak their language yet. Being a fighting Northerner, Peter soon collected a large assortment of bruises. The people with whom he stayed gave him so much homework to do that it interrupted his studies. And on top of it all, he was bitterly homesick.

Poor Peter was pretty miserable, and wrote a long sob-story to the Catholics in Hongkong. This little boy's misery touched a sort spot, and although they had nowhere for him to stay and very little money with which to keep him, back came Peter like the proverbial penny.

Then came quite a long stretch of time with nothing much to do, except feel homesick. Finally he was placed in a local school, and it was fixed up for him to stay with an elderly couple.

Being bright and resourceful, he soon grasped Cantonese, and has begun to shine at school. But the time has come for Peter to change his address again, for the elderly couple are having relatives to stay.

Lisa writes now and again, and sends money whenever she can, but the Catholics pay his school fees. Sometimes he gets a letter down from his mother in the North.

But homesickness is a difficult disease to shake off. It is even more troublesome than the immediate and pressing question of lodgings. So he still sighs a private sigh more than occasionally and wonders when he'll see Mum and Little Sis again.

Magistrate's Gesture

Arrested on the rooftop of a house in Ching Yeung Street, Bay View, on October 27 while he was about to steal some aerial wire, Yui Pak-shing, 24, unemployed, told Mr Hin-shing Lo at Central this morning that he intended to tell the wire and buy milk for his baby.

He was given four weeks' imprisonment for attempted larceny and possession of a piece, an instrument fit for an unlawful purpose.

The Magistrate then handed \$10 to Yui's wife, who was present in Court with her child, with which to buy milk.

Search For Egyptian Rioters



Ismailia: Armed British troops search fields along the roads leading into Ismailia for rioters during the anti-British demonstrations held to support the Egyptian government's decision to abrogate the 1936 Anglo-Egyptian treaty and the 1899 Sudan agreements. — London Express.

Washington Will Give Princess Elizabeth Rousing Welcome

Washington, Oct. 30. Princess Elizabeth and her husband will get a rousing — though maybe a damp — welcome on Wednesday on their first visit to the United States. The President, Mrs. Truman, and Margaret will be at the airport at 9 p.m., GMT (5 a.m., Thursday, Hongkong time), to meet Princess Elizabeth and Philip, Duke of Edinburgh.

And they had better have their raincoats along. The weatherman says that showers are likely.

Even so, thousands are expected to line historic Constitution Avenue for a look at the Royal couple. A crowd was assured when Mr. Truman announced that Federal workers who could be spared should be allowed to leave their work for an hour or so.

Two items used in most receptions here will be missing. Princess Elizabeth and Prince Philip won't get the keys of the city, and Constitution Avenue won't be lined with flags.

The explanation: Princess Elizabeth is the heiress to the British Throne, and the keys and the flags are reserved for actual heads of government.

But the Royal Couple probably won't miss this omission. They won't have time.

They have an incredible schedule for their 45-hour visit to the nation's capital. Every minute is accounted for, with receptions and dinners almost overlapping each other.

The first dinner will be on Wednesday night with the Trumans. It will be a small dinner (it has to be because the Blair House dining room will see only 18 to 20), but it will be formal.

The gold table service will be used. Gold knives, forks, spoons, and gold centre pieces. The guests will dine by candlelight. — Associated Press.

New Cabinet Completed

(Continued from Page 1)

Mr Crookshank, who takes over the leadership of the House of Commons from Mr Eden, had earlier been named Deputy Leader and becomes Leader with Mr Eden's withdrawal.

Lord Cherwell, better known before his Peenage as Professor Lindemann, was Mr Churchill's scientific adviser on weapons and defence devices during the war.

As Paymaster General he will have the duty of co-ordinating scientific research and development.

Parliament will meet with traditional ceremony tomorrow for swearing in of new members and the election of a Speaker.

Mr Churchill still has to name about 60 ministers, including under-secretaries. — Reuter.

British Forces Will Remain

(Continued from Page 1)

flowing through the Canal without delay.

Meanwhile, representatives of the seven Arab League countries agreed to ask their governments to arrange a meeting of the Arab Foreign Ministers to discuss the League's point of view on the Western Powers' proposals for a Middle East Command.

This was disclosed after an hour's meeting at the Egyptian Foreign Office in Cairo, called by the Foreign Minister, Mohamed Saleh el Din Pasha.

Syria, the Lebanon, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, the Yemen and the Jordan sent representatives.

Defence proposals to the Arab countries have been submitted by Britain, the United States, France and Turkey.

Naguib el Rawy Bey, the Iraqi representative, who reported the plan for an Arab Foreign Ministers' conference, quoted the Syrian and Jordan delegates as saying that their Governments had not yet made up their minds about the Command proposals. Egypt has already rejected them. — Reuter.

Seven Die In Ships' Collision

(Continued from Page 1)

Buffalo, New York, Oct. 30. At least seven men were dead and five missing today after the flaming collision of three vessels in Buffalo Harbour.

A charred mass of bodies was found this morning in the cabin of the tug Dauntless. Three bodies had been recovered earlier. The 454-foot Great Lakes freighter Penobscot rammed a loaded oil barge last night. The barge blew up, showering its plastic tug and the freighter with 800,000 gallons of gasoline. — Associated Press.

For being in possession of 40,400 dutiable Macao cigarettes, Lo Lung, 55 and Fung To, 55, both folks of a fishing junk were fined \$100 each by Mr. R. W. S. Winter at Kowloon this morning. Duty on the cigarettes amounted to \$890.60.

Japanese Malpractice Alleged

New York, Oct. 30.

The Federal Trade Commission is conducting hearings following charges that several importing and distributing firms have been selling Japanese sewing machines here as American products and under United States trade names.

The hearings opened today following a year of investigations by the Commission's counsel.

John C. Williams, one of the counsel, said that Japanese machines are under-selling United States products by about 20 per cent, adding that more than 250,000 were imported last year. This corresponded to one-fourth of all the machines sold in the United States.

Mr. Williams predicted that half a million Japanese machines would be sold in 1951.

Formal complaints have been lodged against eight companies here, alleging that the words "Made in Japan" were either unreadable or covered by motors. The complaints said the use of the trademark "America" in large letters misled the public, thus violating the Federal Trade Commission Act. Both sides were given until December 26 to file additional statements. — United Press.

Radio Hongkong

H.K.T. Programme Summary: 6.02, Broadcast For School Children of the New World (BECTS); Sir Walter Raleigh and Virginia; 6.20, Grotto; Act Two; Both sides His Hawaiian Serenaders (Studio); 6.50, Flanagan and Allen (Favourite); 7.00, "Orchestra of the Week" La Scala Opera House, Milan; 7.20, Weather Report; 8.00, "From The Editor's Desk" (Recorded Relay); 8.15, "Lucky Discs" Variety Requests Presented by Pauline Spence (Studio); 8.15, Jose and Amparo (Rural) On Two Planes; 8.20, The New Concert Orchestra; 10.00, Radio News Reel (London Relay); 10.15, Favourites from Gilbert and Sullivan; 10.40, Relay of The Cambridgeshire Race Commentator; Raymond Glendon; 11.00, Quartet in F Major (Mozart); 11.30, Leon Goossens (Choe); J. Lener (vocal); 11.35, Goodnight (Mozart); 11.50, Weather Report; God Save The King; 11.55, Close Down.

HIS FINAL ACT

Milan, Oct. 30. A worker discharged from a Milan firm tonight hurled a bomb into the office of the director, killing the director, his secretary and himself. — Reuter.

INTELLIGENCE TEST SOLUTION

The data: Black Red
A 8m 2m
B 5m 5m
C 4m 4m
(1) If m is 2, n is 10 impossible since B would have more cards than A.
(2) If m is 5, n is 5: C has 5 black cards and 10 cards in all. (3) If m is 4, n is 10: C has 4 black cards and 10 cards in all. (4) If m is 5, A has the largest number of cards. (5) If m is 4, A has the largest number of cards. Charles has 10 cards in all. London Express Service.

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Answers: 1. Truth. 2. Voltaire. 3. Nineteen. 4. Ravenna, Italy. 5. It is obtained from the fruit of the baobab tree. 6. Your health.

30 Pistols And Hundreds Of Bullets As Court Exhibits

The Chief Justice's court at the Supreme Court this morning was turned into a miniature arsenal, when 30 large pistols and hundreds of rounds of ammunition were displayed as exhibits in a case against a Chinese fisherman, charged with unlawful possession of arms and ammunition.

Accused, Ho Shing-hei, 51, of Po Toi Island, pleaded not guilty before the Chief Justice, Sir Gerard Howe, in the last case of this month's Criminal Sessions to possession of 30 pistols and 1,955 rounds of ammunition without a licence.

Today, he was found guilty by the Jury, and sentenced by the Court to five years' hard labour.

The Prosecution was conducted by Mr. M. Morley-John, Crown Counsel, assisted by Det. Sub-Inspector Cheng Ka-chung of C.I.D. Marine Police. A Jury of six men and a woman was empanelled.

Mr Morley-John said that on the afternoon of September 10 last, a party of Police, under Insp. Cheng, went to a hut on Po Toi Island, where they found the accused. Having disclosed their identity, Insp. Cheng told accused that he had information of arms being in the hut, whereupon the accused, it was alleged, led the Police to a rear cubicle and pointed to a spot on the ground near a wall.

The Police started digging and unearthed 30 pistols and the accused then led the Police outside the hut, and at another spot the ammunition was found buried. Accused was arrested and taken back to C.I.D. office. Marine Police, where he was subsequently charged.

DISCOVERY DESCRIBED
Det. Staff-Sgt. Cheung Wing-kam, attached to the Special Branch, Police Headquarters, told how the discovery of the arms was made. He said that after digging up the earth, a piece of zinc sheeting was found. Beneath that were two gunny sacks which, on being removed, disclosed two earthenware jars, inside each of which were found a number of pistols.

A length of rubber inner tube was also found, inside which were six other pistols. The ammunition, all in clips of ten, were discovered in a third earthenware jar underneath a dustpan covered over with earth outside the hut.

F.A. Ewins, Police ballistics officer, told of his examination of the 30 pistols. He said they were all 7.63 mm calibre. Nineteen were German Mausers, nine Astra Spanish make, and the remaining two an Etai and a Royal, both of Spanish make. The barrels all heavily greased in mechanism and barrel, and all were in good working order.

There was no trace that they had been fired recently. The ammunition was also of 7.63 mm type and made to fit all the weapons. It was in fairly new condition.

MAKES STATEMENT
A statement made by accused after he was charged was read by Police interpreter Lo Yan-ahng. Accused stated that the man named Chau Cham had placed the things in his hut. Chau was a Nationalist, and told him the things belonged to the nation and that he would be used in a counter-attack on the mainland.

Insp. Cheng said that after accused's arrest, the Police, together with accused, went to Apichau, Aberdeen, to try to find Chau Cham, but were unsuccessful.

The Prosecution produced a statement made by accused at the committal proceedings in which accused stated that Chau Cham told him he was working for General Sun Li-jen (Ground forces commander in Formosa), and that the arms were the property of the Nationalist Government. Chau gave him no compensation, but had told him that the livelihood of the fishermen would not be so difficult when the Nationalists returned.

Accused asked if he did not have the courage to inform the Police, nor did he know it was a serious offence.

Making a statement from the dock at the close of the case for the Prosecution, accused said a friend introduced him to Chau Cham, who asked if he could assist him in finding a house on Po Toi Island. Chau claimed to be a farmer. Accused told him of an unoccupied house, and Chau stayed there for a week before going to Aberdeen. He returned some 10 days later with certain things wrapped in gunny sacks, and accused did not know what the contents were. He (accused) was a fisherman and was away from his home most of the day, so he did not know what Chau Cham did. After Chau had buried the things, he informed accused, at the same time warning him not to let anybody know, or his whole family would be ruined.

In the face of that threat, said accused, he refrained from giving any information. He pleaded for leniency from the Court, saying he had a wife and two children, and in the 100-odd years his family had lived on Po Toi Island, none of them had ever been in trouble before. He was a fisherman and he received nothing from Chau.

After the Jury had returned their verdict, following a deliberation of 10 minutes, the Chief Justice remarked that there was no other verdict which they could possibly return.

It was difficult to believe, said his Lordship, that the accused committed the offence entirely through fear because it seemed that Chau Cham, if he did exist, must have had very great faith in the accused to leave such a great arsenal in his care.

An order for confiscation of the arms and ammunition to the Police was made.

"Kind And Gentle" Father To Die
Chester, Oct. 30. A "kind and gentle" father of five children, sterilised because his wife insisted on it, was sentenced to death here today.

He shot her when he could bear her nagging no longer. He was Frederick Cobon, a 39-year-old engineer who had pleaded not guilty to murdering his wife, Nora. The family doctor testified that Cobon was gentle and "a most attentive husband."

In 1948 Cobon told him that he wished to be sterilised because his wife had said that he would not otherwise sleep with him. The doctor said that Cobon was still young and of powerful physique. — Reuter.

Living Language

Why we say Ring-leader.

"Ring" is one of the oldest words in the world, and one of its meanings is the space in which a dance is held. Indeed, many folk-dances are still danced in a ring. The "ringleader" was the master of the dance who called out the changes. Because he was a man in authority over his neighbours the name began to be applied to leaders of less innocent intention, such as riot and civil rebellion. "Ringleader" now describes the head of any illegal movement.

Mail Notices

Latest times of posting at O.P.O. and at Kowloon Post Office: registered articles and parcels must close one hour earlier than the ordinary mail times shown below:
Christmas Letter Mails for Great Britain & Europe: The latest time of posting to secure delivery in Great Britain & Europe by December 25 will be Noon on November 2 per mv Radnorshire.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 31

By Air

Slam, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain, Europe, 5 p.m., B.O.A.C.
Japan, Korea, 5 p.m., B.O.A.C.
Formosa, 5 p.m., H.K. Airways.
Macao, 8 a.m., 5 p.m., ss Lee Hong/Tak Shing.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1

By Air

Slam, Malaysia, Indonesia, 5 p.m., via C.P.A.
Indo-China, 5 p.m., Air France.
Japan, Canada, U.S.A., 5 p.m., C.P.A.C.
Macao, 8 a.m., 5 p.m., ss Lee Hong/Tak Shing.

China, People's Republic, 8.30 a.m., Train via Canton.

Canada (Parcels only), 10 a.m., ss Franciscus.

Philippines, Noon, ss Hal Meng.

Slam, 1 p.m., ss H.K. Airways.

Indo-China, 2 p.m., ss Inverbank.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2

By Air

Formosa, 10 a.m., via C.A.T.
Formosa, 5 p.m., H.K. Airways.
N. Borneo, Australia, New Zealand, 5 p.m., Q.E.A.
Malaya, Indonesia, Ceylon, 5 p.m., B.O.A.C.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, U.S.A., Canada, 5 p.m., P.A.L.

Macao, 8 a.m., 5 p.m., ss Lee Hong/Tak Shing.

China, People's Republic, 8.30 a.m., Train via Canton.

Indo-China, 9 a.m., ss Angelina.

Japan, 10 a.m., ss Strait Malacca.

Malaya, Ceylon, Madagascar, Middle East, Great Britain, Europe, Noon, ss Radnorshire.

Philippines, 2 p.m., ss Fernfield.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"Now that we're home from the cruise, all those people I promised to phone or write don't seem so attractive after all!"

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